

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY SAN MARCOS
COLLEGE OF EDUCATION
EDMS 545 – Elementary Science Education
Fall 2008 – Meeting Time: Fridays 7.30 a.m. - 2.15 p.m.
University Hall 460

General Information:

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Office Hours: After each class

Other times are also available by appointment so please feel free to call or e-mail me to set up a convenient time to meet.

Mission Statement

The mission of the College of Education Community is to collaboratively transform public education by preparing thoughtful educators and advancing professional practices. We are committed to diversity, educational equity, and social justice, exemplified through reflective teaching, life-long learning, innovative research, and ongoing service. Our practices demonstrate a commitment to student-centered education, diversity, collaboration, professionalism, and shared governance.

Required Textbooks:

- Friedl, A.E. & Koontz, T.Y. (2005). *Teaching Science to Children, An Inquiry Approach, 6th Ed.* NY: McGraw-Hill.
- California Department of Education (2003). *Science Framework for California Public Schools.* Sacramento, CA: CDE.
[Also available online.](#)

Other handouts will be distributed in class or through WebCT

Other Recommended Books:

Great Explorations in Math & Science (G.E.M.S.). Lawrence Hall of Science.

<http://www.lhs.berkeley.edu/GEMS/>

Activities Integrating Math and Science. Aims Education Foundation.

<http://www.aimsedu.org/aimscatalog/default.tpl>

These and many other hands-on science books are in bookstores, museums, zoos, even grocery stores!

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course focuses on developing an understanding of theory, methodology, and assessment of science in integrated and inclusive elementary classrooms. *This course is aligned with California's SB 2042 Standards* and it is designed to provide a comprehensive overview of the objectives, skills, concepts, experiments, materials, and methods necessary to teach science to elementary school children. A series of team activities will provide you with first-hand experiences in these areas. This course focuses on instructional methods, techniques, materials, lesson planning, curriculum development, organization and assessment in science. The integration of curricular areas is addressed. Methods of cross-cultural language and academic development will be integrated into the course.

Course Prerequisites:

Admission to the Multiple Subject Credential Program/CLAD Teacher Credential Program.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

By the end of this course, students should be able to:

1. Demonstrate proficiency with inquiry skills of observing, measuring, inferring, classifying, predicting, verifying predictions, hypothesizing, isolating variables, interpreting data, and experimenting.
2. Identify exemplary materials (curriculum kits, science programs, textbooks, equipment, technology, ancillary materials) appropriate for elementary school children.
3. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the California Science Framework, the California Science Content Standards, and the National Science Education Standards.
4. Demonstrate an understanding of the physical, earth and life science concepts included in the K-8 California Science Content Standards, and how to design lessons to teach the concepts.
5. Use the Learning Cycle model of instruction to teach science in a contemporary manner.
6. Use technology in elementary school science teaching.
7. Demonstrate confidence in leading and performing investigations designed to teach science concepts, science process skills, and scientific attitudes.
8. Use authentic methods of assessment to evaluate student learning of science concepts and processes.
9. Design an elementary school science-teaching mini-unit.
10. Practice strategies to include all students in science (linguistically and culturally diverse, students with disabilities and other students with special needs).

INFUSED COMPETENCIES

Authorization to Teach English Learners

This credential program has been specifically designed to prepare teachers for the diversity of languages often encountered in California public school classrooms. The authorization to teach English learners is met through the infusion of content and experiences within the credential program, as well as additional coursework. Students successfully completing this program receive a credential with authorization to teach English learners.

(Approved by CCTC in SB 2042 Program Standards, August 02))

Special Education

Consistent with the intent to offer a seamless teaching credential in the College of Education, this course will demonstrate the collaborative infusion of special education competencies that reflect inclusive educational practices.

Technology

This course infuses technology competencies to prepare candidates to use technologies, emphasizing their use in both teaching practice and student learning.

*****Computer Use During Class**

You are welcome to use a laptop computer in class when working on class assignments, for example. However, you will need to save checking email or other personal computer use for time outside of class. Most students find it disruptive when they are focusing on class activities or listening to presentations and can hear keyboarding in the classroom. Your kind consideration is greatly appreciated by all!

California Teacher Performance Assessment (CalTPA)

Beginning July 1, 2008 all California credential candidates must successfully complete a state-approved system of teacher performance assessment (TPA), to be embedded in the credential program of preparation. At CSUSM this assessment system is called the CalTPA or the TPA for short.

To assist your successful completion of the TPA a series of informational seminars are offered over the course of the program. TPA related questions and logistical concerns are to be addressed during the seminars. Your attendance to TPA seminars will greatly contribute to your success on the assessment.

Additionally, COE classes use common pedagogical language, lesson plans (lesson designs), and unit plans (unit designs) in order to support and ensure your success on the TPA and more importantly in your credential program.

The CalTPA Candidate Handbook, TPA seminar schedule, and other TPA support materials can be found on the COE website provided at the website provided: <http://lynx.csusm.edu/coe/CalTPA/CalTPAdocuments.asp>

COURSE REQUIREMENTS

COE Attendance Policy

Due to the dynamic and interactive nature of courses in the College of Education, all students are expected to attend all classes and participate actively. At a minimum, students must attend more than 80% of class time, or s/he may not receive a passing grade for the course at the discretion of the instructor. Individual instructors may adopt more stringent attendance requirements. Should the student have extenuating circumstances, s/he should contact the instructor as soon as possible.

For this class, each class session that you are absent from class drops your maximum final grade by 10% points. Late arrivals and early departures will affect your final grade as well. For each late arrival or early departure you will lose 2% points. A make-up assignment will be available only for up to one class (10% points). This means that if you are absent once and complete a make up assignment and earn full credit on this assignment, you will receive no penalty on attendance. The make-up assignment applies to ALL absences excused or otherwise. Absences do not change assignment due dates.

Writing

In keeping with the All-University Writing Requirement, all courses must have a writing component of at least 2,500 words (approximately 10 pages), which can be administered in a variety of ways.

Students with Disabilities Requiring Reasonable Accommodations

Students are approved for services through the Disabled Student Services Office (DSS). This office is located in Craven Hall 5205, and can be contacted by phone at (760) 750-4905, or TTY (760) 750-4909. Students authorized by DSS to receive reasonable accommodations should meet with their instructor during office hours or, in order to ensure confidentiality, in a more private setting.

CSUSM Academic Honesty Policy

“Students will be expected to adhere to standards of academic honesty and integrity, as outlined in the Student Academic Honesty Policy. All written work and oral assignments must be original work. All ideas/materials that are borrowed from other sources must have appropriate references to the original sources. Any quoted material should give credit to the source and be punctuated with quotation marks.

Students are responsible for honest completion of their work including examinations. There will be no tolerance for infractions. If you believe there has been an infraction by someone in the class, please bring it to the instructor’s attention. The instructor reserves the right to discipline any student for academic dishonesty in accordance with the general rules and regulations of the university. Disciplinary action may include the lowering of grades and/or the assignment of a failing grade for an exam, assignment, or the class as a whole.” In addition, all cases of academic dishonesty will be reported to the Dean of Students.

Plagiarism:

As an educator, it is expected that each student will do his/her own work, and contribute equally to group projects and processes. Plagiarism or cheating is unacceptable under any circumstances. If you are in doubt about whether your work is paraphrased or plagiarized see the Plagiarism Prevention for Students website <http://library.csusm.edu/plagiarism/index.html>. If there are questions about academic honesty, please consult the University catalog.

TOPICS OUTLINE

The Nature of Science

The Learning Cycle Model of Teaching

Learning Cycle Science Lesson Demonstrations

Writing Objectives for Student Learning

Writing Science Concept Definitions

CA Science Content Standards Grades K-8

California Science Framework
 SDAIE Strategies in Science
 Infusing Writing Activities in Science Lessons
 Science Curriculum Kits and State Approved Texts
 Science Process Skills and Scientific Attitudes
 Current Issues in Science Education
 Infusing Technology into Science Teaching
 Authentic Assessments in Science
 Science Projects, Student Research, Science Fairs
 Safety in the Science Class
 Inclusion and Teaching Science to Students with Special Needs

COURSE ASSIGNMENTS AND LEARNING OUTCOMES

1. Class Participation (Individually) - 5%
2. Reading Accountability Journal Entries (RAJEs/Concept Maps) (Individually) - 10%
3. Learning Cycle Hands-on Science Lesson Plan & Presentation (In Groups, sizes TBD) - 20%
4. Hands-on Science Lesson Reflection (Individually)– 5%
5. Science Fair Exploratorium Lesson & Presentation (Groups sizes TBD) – 15%
6. Year Long Science Curriculum Plan (Partly Individual & Partly in Groups) - 20%
7. Technology/Web Resources for Science Teaching and Learning (Individually) 15%
8. TPE Reflection and Response Via Task Stream (Individually) 10%
9. Make Up Assignment – Up to 10% points for missed class (Individually)

ALL WRITING ASSIGNMENTS ARE SUBMITTED AS A HARD COPY TO THE INSTURCTOR AND AN ELECTRONIC COPY POSTED TO WEBCT AS A CLASS RESOURCE.

Each student is responsible for ensuring that assignments are submitted correctly and on time. Late assignments will be penalized by a 10%-point reduction each day they are late. WebCT required postings not correctly posted do not count as submitted and will be subjected to the late assignment policy. Keep digital copies of all assignments for your Credential Program Electronic Portfolio. You will not be assigned a course grade unless all the required assignments are turned in.

CRITERIA FOR GRADING ASSIGNMENTS

- A 90-100%: Outstanding work on assignment, excellent syntheses of information and experiences, great insight and application, and excellent writing.
- B 80-89%: Completion of assignment in good form with good syntheses and application of information and experiences; writing is good.
- C 70-79%: Completion of assignment, adequate effort, adequate synthesis of information, and application of information and experiences, writing is adequate.
- D 60-69%: Incomplete assignment, inadequate effort and synthesis of information, writing is less than adequate.

The above criteria will be applied in conjunction with specific assignment rubrics

Grades will be determined by points earned:

A = 93 – 100	A- = 90 – 92	
B+ = 87 – 89	B = 83 – 86	B- = 80 – 82
C+ = 77 – 79	C = 73 – 76	C- = 70 – 72
D = 60 – 69		
F = 0 – 59		

ASSIGNMENT DESCRIPTIONS

1. Active Participation and Collaboration (all or nothing credit) - 5%

Teacher education is a professional preparation program and students will be expected to adhere to standards of dependability, professionalism, and academic honesty.

Grading will include a component of “professional demeanor.” Students will conduct themselves in ways that are generally expected of those who are entering the education profession, including the following:

- On-time arrival to all class sessions and attendance for the entire class period
- Advance preparation of readings and timely submission of assignments
- A positive attitude at all times
- Active participation in all class discussions and activities
- Respectful interactions with the instructor and other students in all settings
- Carefully considered, culturally aware approaches to solution-finding

Class Discussions and Participation: Students will engage in active learning each class session, and will be expected to actively participate. You may lose points for lack of participation based on the following criteria:

- Do you participate in class discussions productively, sharing your knowledge and understandings?
- Do you interact productively with your peers, taking on a variety of roles (leader, follower, etc.)?
- Do you contribute appropriately to group work—do you “do your share”?
- Are you able to accept others’ opinions?
- Are you supportive of others’ ideas?
- Do you support your peers during their presentations?
- Can you monitor and adjust your participation to allow for others’ ideas as well as your own to be heard?

2. Reading Accountability Journal Entries (RAJEs)/Concept Maps – 10% points

See class schedule for due dates

The assigned readings provide an important foundation for your increasing understanding of science content and how to effectively teach science. To aid you in remembering the readings, and assist you with meaningful class participation, you are asked to respond to the reading assignment by coming to class with a concept map entry in your Reading Accountability Journal. Reading accountability journals will be due at the beginning of class time on the assigned dates. You will only receive credit points if journal entries are completed by the start of class on date indicated in the schedule.

Three or four chapters from the course text *Teaching Science to Children: An Inquiry Approach*, will be designated for each class meeting (see class schedule for chapter assignment). You will choose one of these chapters and read it to develop an in-depth understanding of its contents. For the chosen chapter you will prepare a concept map (15-25 concepts with linking words), using correct **concept mapping procedures**. The concept maps should be generated using a concept mapping software of your choice. Some recommended software include; Cmap Tools (free download available at http://cmap.ihmc.us/download/dlp_CmapTools.php?myPlat=Win) or inspiration (free trial download available at www.inspiration.com). You must print and bring a copy of your concept map to class. We will share the concept maps with peers in at the beginning of each class session. Put your name, chapter and date when the reading was assigned at the top of each page. You should be prepared to share in depth the breadth of your concepts presented in the chapter you read. Individuals will be called on randomly to share their concept maps in class. You will automatically lose half the points on the days RAJE if you are unable to share the concepts with the class.

Each concept map has a possible total of 5 points.

- a. Most general, inclusive Concept at top/center.....worth 1 point
- b. Map shows clear hierarchy or relationship.....worth 1 point
- c. 15-25 concepts included.....worth 1 point
- d. 1-2 words (nouns) for Concepts.....worth 1 point
- e. Verbs or prepositions for Linking Words between Concept...worth 1 point

3. Hands-On Science Lesson Presentation –20 Points - Due on assigned day for the lesson

Spirit of the Assignment: to develop and teach a particular kind of a science inquiry lesson that teaches both science thought processes and science content.

You will work in groups of two or three (Group sizes TBD based on class size) to lead a science lesson based on the Learning Cycle Model of Instruction. You will prepare and teach this lesson to your classmates. Each team will be allocated a maximum of 30 minutes of class time to teach their lesson. Use activities from the textbook, Internet sites or other science

resources. The team should teach the lesson as you would to elementary school students. However do not ask your colleagues to act as elementary school kids.

Each group will be assigned a specific grade level for which you will plan and teach the lesson. This will determine the grade level and California Science Standards your lessons will cover. The group will work together reviewing each other's lesson ideas, sharing resources, and making sure each member presents a different part of the lesson. Collaboration between group members is essential to divide up the work, and support each other.

The lessons should follow the Learning Cycle Instructional Model, must include hands-on activities, and should emphasize specific science concepts. The Exploration and Application phases of the Learning Cycle must require different hands-on science activities using manipulatives. **Begin Exploration with students making predictions/answering questions or accomplishing challenges.** Hands-on activities are NOT reading or completing worksheets (though they may require students to read something or complete lab observation sheets). You should take the activities "off of paper" and require students to use the science process skills with science manipulatives. **You need to know and demonstrate the stages of the Learning Cycle, or you will not be given credit for your lesson.**

Be sure you understand the concepts you are emphasizing, and that you can explain them. The lessons should be developmentally appropriate for K-8 grade students, and should follow the NSTA Safety Guidelines. Your lesson plan should also identify and explain Strategies for English language learners and adaptations for students with special needs and adaptations for GATE students.

Prepare a PowerPoint Presentation to use in your lesson. The presentation should include a Summarized explanation of the science content, as well as a list and definitions of science concepts important to the lesson. Include a list of web sites (with short descriptions) that address the science topic and concepts through simulations, graphics and movies. You should have links to these web sites and show examples during the lesson.

Science Lesson Handout

- Prepare a handout which includes the information under Lesson Plan Format, making sure you include:
 - team members' names at the top
 - References at the bottom.

IMPORTANT NOTE: At least **three full days PRIOR to your team's presentation**, email your complete lesson plan and your PowerPoint Presentation to the instructor for review. Include your cohort and the date you will present to the class. After the instructor has approved these, you should post a copy of the lesson plan on WebCT for access by your classmates and bring one copy to class for the Instructor on the day of your presentation.

After your presentation (by the next class), turn in your **Reflection as described in assignment #5.**

Lesson Plan Format - Elements of the learning experience

(**NOTE Notes in *Italic* are for illustration only and should be deleted from your final lesson plan)

Lesson Title: What is the title of your lesson?

Grade Level

Content Area *Example: Life Science, Physical Science or Earth Science*

Subject Matter *Example: Heat Transfer, Plant Reproduction etc*

Time period for the learning experience *Example: two 30 minute sessions*

State adopted content standards *Example: write all content standards directly from the state frameworks*

Lesson Objective(s): What do you want students to be able to do?

Write in complete sentences. Use an action verb and explain how students will demonstrate their new knowledge and understanding. "The students will demonstrate understanding of _____."

Science Concept(s): What are you trying to teach? Do not say "The students will ____." (That is an objective, not a concept.)

Essential Question(s): List at least two essential questions specific to the concept that you want students to be able answer during the lesson. What is it that students should be able to answer by having successfully participated in your lesson? Use high level questions and ensure that these are not lower level fact or info. questions (refer to [Bloom's Taxonomy](#)). For

example, instead of “Why did warming the bottle cause the attached balloon to inflate? ask “How can you prove that air is a real substance that occupies space?”

Class description - For the purpose of this assignment the class description must include English Language Learners, Special Education Students and GATE students

Example: type of class (self contained, subject specific) time of year, general background of students learning in relationship to new learning (challenges and prior learning)

Example: English Learner: Beginning, intermediate, and advanced (use the ELD standards to determine the needs of each of these students.

Example: Special education: one student with learning disabilities and one with another special education identified disability

Example: GATE student: identify the students needs

Example: Regular education: remaining students

Developmental needs of the students at this age

Example: give examples based on the different learning needs for 5-8 students

Example: developmental age appropriate skills and needs of the students

Example: engaging activities (hands on, etc)

Assessment Plan

Example: Goals/objectives assessed based on the content standards and learning goals

Example: Type of assessment: Prior knowledge (pre assessment), Formative (progress monitoring), Summative (final product)

Example: Feedback strategies: how students will be informed of specific successes and challenges and future activities to fill the individual students gaps.

Assessment Criteria

Example: What criteria will you use to grade the assessment? How will you know if someone has successfully completed the assessment?

Materials

Example: Review teacher’s manuals, pacing guides, and appropriate supplemental materials to determine the materials you will need to present this lesson. Materials should include lists of supplies that will be needed to present this lesson.

Instructional strategies/ Lesson Procedures: Explain the procedures for each phase of the Learning Cycle. Include what the teacher will do and what the students will do. Address the subject matter learning goals and developmental needs of the students described.

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES	STUDENT ACTIVITIES
<i>Example: Instructional strategies are what the teacher does during the instruction. Put one instructional strategy in each box with an explanation and amount of time you are anticipating. Expand the number of boxes to match each strategy.</i>	<i>Example: Put one student activity to match the instructional strategy in each box with an explanation and amount of time you are anticipating. Expand the number of boxes to match each student activity.</i>
Exploration	A hands-on activity
Concept Introduction	
Concept Application	A 2 nd hands-on activity

Differentiated instruction based on the learning goals and instructional strategies for English Learners

TASKS	Beginning EL	Intermediate EL	Advanced EL
Identify one instructional strategy or student activity that could challenge the student			
Describe how you would adapt the strategy or activity to meet the learning needs of the student considering subject matter pedagogy in your description			
Explain how your adaptation would			

be effective for the student in making progress towards the goals of your lesson			
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Differentiated instruction based on the learning goals and instructional strategies for Special Education

TASKS	Learning Disability	Physical Disability
Identify 1 instructional strategy or student activity from the plans that could be challenging for the student considering the description of your student		
Describe how you would adapt the strategy or activity to meet the needs of the student		
Explain how your adaption would be effective for the student making progress toward achieving the learning goal		

Differentiated instruction based on the learning goals and instructional strategies for GATE students

TASKS	Describe GATE students needs:
Identify 1 instructional strategy or student activity from the plans that will be challenging for the student considering the description of your student	
Describe how you would adapt the strategy or activity to meet the needs of the student	
Explain how your adaption would be effective for helping the student make progress going beyond the learning goal	

Web Sites: At least 3 interactive relevant web sites with descriptions

References: Title, author, publisher, year

4. Hands-on Learning Cycle Lesson Reflection – 5% points

After teaching the lesson in class, you should each complete the peer evaluation and reflection form (*form provided separately*). The reflection should include strengths, weaknesses, and recommendations for improvement addressing the following two areas. Each person should turn in the reflection at the next class session.

1. Explain why the instructional strategies, student activities and resources were appropriate for this lesson. Include strengths, weaknesses, and recommendations for improvement.

Example: Why were the instructional strategies and student activities appropriate for this class based on content and student development?

Example: How did they address the development need of these students?

Example: How did they help the students make progress toward achieving the state adopted academic content standards for student in this content area?

Example: Understand connections between lesson content and the outside world.

2. *Reflection of the assessment: Explain the strengths and weaknesses of your assessment in relationship to the learning goals/objectives. Describe your alternative assessment based on the potential gaps in the students learning.*

5. Science Fair Exploratorium Lesson & Presentation: 15 Points

Develop an inquiry activity that uses a discrepant event appropriate for elementary students. You will work in groups as assigned in class.

You will prepare a hands-on science lesson and poster about a discrepant event that leads to a science concept. You will present the lesson at an Elementary School Science Fair Exploratorium. The audience will be K-6 grade student at an elementary school to be identified later in the semester. Be sure you understand the concept(s) you are emphasizing, and that you can explain it. The activity should be developmentally appropriate, and should follow the NSTA Safety Guidelines. Prior to teaching the lesson, turn it in to your instructor for review. After teaching the lesson, turn in a copy of your Reflection. The activity should include hands-on tasks and should emphasize particular science concepts. The activity should allow students to explore and then you will explain the concept behind the activity.

On the day of the fair, you will do the activity repeatedly (about 10 times) to teams of about 7 students.

Turn in your typed Lesson Plan with your names at the top and REFERENCES at the bottom.

1. Science Concept (and definition) you are teaching. Write it out in a complete sentence. Do not say "The students will ____." (That is an objective, not a science concept.)
2. Essential Questions
3. 1-3 Behavioral Objectives
4. California Science Content Standards addressed
5. Exploration Activity
6. Concept Invention
7. Concept Application Activity
8. The Reflection (answer the following):
 - a. How did the children respond? (What did they say and do?)
 - a. How do the children's actions and responses demonstrate their level of understanding?
 - b. How did you (or can you) improve upon your lesson to facilitate understanding?

6. Year Long Science Curriculum Plan (teams of four; each writes one unit)

20%

The goal of this assignment is for you to develop year-long plans for instruction in science based on the California Science Content Standards, as well as develop skills for teaching in the elementary school grades. For this assignment, you will plan a year of science instruction for one grade level, based on the California Science Content Standards. You will divide the Science Content Standards for one grade level into a number of appropriate units. For each unit, you will use the science standards (and their descriptions in the Science Framework) to design enduring understandings, desired outcomes, end-of-unit assessments, and rubrics to use in grading the assessments and a weekly calendar for the appropriate number of weeks for your unit. For the final part of this assignment you will develop ideas for three learning cycle lessons for each unit, based on the Science Standards, Enduring Understandings, Desired Outcomes and Final Assessments in the units. You will work in a group of four.

When you complete this assignment, you will have a curriculum plan for teaching the science standards, units and lessons for teaching science for a full year for one grade level. We will share these, so that everyone leaves with curriculum plans, units and lessons for a full year of teaching science at all grade levels. You may share these with your cooperating teachers and use them in your clinical practice.

Year-Long Science Curriculum

Grade: _____

Unit Title _____

I. Timeline in a weekly calendars _____

II. Standards

Content (Physical, Life, Earth Science) Standards
Investigation and Experimentation Standards

III. Enduring Understandings (info and processes you hope students remember and understand next year)

IV. Desired Outcomes (reads like an objective; tell what students can DO after instruction)

V. Final Summative Assessment over Unit (end of unit assessment over the whole unit, all standards)

VI. Rubric listing Criteria that you will look for in Final Assessment

Rubric over Final Assessment

Criteria	Exceeds Expectations	Meets Expectations	Below Expectations	Points Comments

VII. Ideas for 3 Lessons for each Unit-

Each Lesson should include:

1. Title
2. Standard numbers
3. Ideas for
 - a. Exploration (2-3 lines)
(Begin with students making predictions; then have a hands-on SCIENCE activity.)
 - b. Concept Invention (2-3 lines)
(Make sure students share and discuss data and ideas in the first part of this stage; then teacher introduces new terms and provides further explanations.)
 - c. Concept Application (2-3 lines)
(Should be a 2nd hands-on SCIENCE activity.)

Rubric for Unit of Year-Long Science Curriculum

Your name: _____ Grade Level: _____

	<u>Included (Y/N)</u>	<u>Page in Unit/Comments</u>
Unit Title (Descriptive)- 1 pt		
Unit Calendar in weeks showing the lesson titles for each day – 3 pts		
Complete Content Standards 1 pt		
Complete Invest/Exper Standards – 1 pt		
Enduring Understandings – 1 pts		
Desired Outcomes 1 pt		
Final Summative Assessment 1 pt		
Rubric over final Assessment listing criteria – 1 pt		
<u>Lesson 1</u> - 3 pts 1. Title 2. Standard numbers 3. Learning Cycle Stages a. Exploration b. Concept Invention c. Concept Application		
<u>Lesson 2</u> - 3 pts 1. Title 2. Standard numbers 3. Learning Cycle Stages a. Exploration b. Concept Invention c. Concept Application		
<u>Lesson 3</u> - 3 pts 1. Title 2. Standard numbers 3. Learning Cycle Stages a. Exploration b. Concept Invention c. Concept Application		
* <u>Your Unit Presentation</u> - 1 pts 1. Overview of your Unit 2. Description of 3 Lessons		

Presentation: To receive full points, be sure to describe your unit and its lessons.

Checklist:

1. Did you include a listing of complete Content and Investigation and Experimentation Standards? _____
 Content (Physical, Life, Earth Science) Standards
 Investigation and Experimentation Standards
2. Are your Enduring Understandings what you hope students remember and understand next year? _____
3. Are your Desired Outcomes what students can DO after instruction? _____
4. Is your Summative Assessment a final cumulative assessment over the whole unit, enduring understandings, desired outcomes, and all standards? _____
5. Does your rubric have a list of Criteria that you will look for in the Final Assessment, with levels of achievement (such as exceeds, meets, does not meet expectations)?
6. Do you have a weekly calendar for all the weeks of the unit? _____

7. Do you have 3 lessons in each unit? _____
8. Did you include the standards in each lesson? (be sure to include at least standard numbers) _____
9. Did you include the 3 stages of the Learning Cycle? _____
10. Did you begin your Explorations with students making predictions/challenge? _____
11. Did your Explorations all have a hands-on science activity? _____
12. Did you begin each Concept Invention with students sharing and discussing data and ideas? _____
13. Did you include the teacher introducing new terms and providing further explanations during the second part of Concept Invention? _____
14. Did you include a 2nd hands-on science activity in each Concept Application? _____

REMINDER: For your presentation, describe your unit and its lessons.

7. Web Resources for Science Teaching and Learning – 15 points

Technology provides unique resources for teaching and learning in science. In this assignment, you will apply your understanding of web-based resources to specific science lessons.

Procedures to follow:

- a. Read Chapter 3 in the Friedl Text.
- b. Select one science lesson from your Curriculum Unit.
- c. You will integrate technology in your selected lesson by providing **opportunities for your students to use technology.**

The following questions should frame your planning:

- (1) How will you organize and manage the environment so that all students have access to the technology they will use in your lesson?
- (2) How will you assess whether or not your students have reached the learning objectives of your lesson?
- (3) How will you assess whether or not the technology your students used helped them reach the learning objectives?

In summary, in your lesson plan create a category called “Integration of Technology”:

1. Describe in full detail the integration of student use of technology in your lesson. What technology are you integrating in your lesson relative to science content and your learning objectives?
2. Describe in full detail how you will organize and manage the technology and the learning environment so that all students can use the technology by responding to the following questions:
 - I. What do you want the students to learn or be able to do by using your planned technology?
 - II. What will the students do? Describe the task that you will assign to students. This may be framed as a “challenge” task.
 - III. What forms of products (student work) will the students generate from the technology experience?
 - IV. Describe how you will assess whether or not your students reached the learning objectives, and whether or not the technology you planned helped them reach the learning objectives.

NOTE*** Please access the ISTE NETS for Teachers (NETS•T) for this assignment. Use Standards II and III as a checklist during your planning

Student use of technology may include:

- a. Interactive websites you select for students to use. (Note: you must provide 5 examples of interactive websites connected to your lesson content and learning objectives.)
- b. Inspiration or Kidspiration for concept mapping.
- c. Kidpix in which students graphically represent their learning.
- d. Students using video technology.
- e. Students using digital cameras.
- f. A filamentality hot list.
- g. Interactive templates accessed online for teacher-created science games, for students to access at computers.
- h. Another idea of your own choosing for technology integration.

8. Teaching Performance Expectations (TPEs) Competencies Via Taskstream – 10 Points

Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Professional Teacher Preparation Programs California Commission on Teacher Credentialing

This course is designed to help those seeking a Multiple Subjects Credential develop the skills, knowledge and attitudes necessary to assist schools and districts in implementing effective programs for all students. The successful candidate will be able to merge theory and practice in order to realize a comprehensive and extensive educational program for all students. Students will document their knowledge and understanding of TPE 1A and TPE5 through assignments completed in EDM 545

For each of the TPEs write a one page maximum reflection on how the course activities enable you to meet these two TPEs. You will be required to attach artifacts from the course that demonstrate your abilities as explained in your reflections.

A. MAKING SUBJECT MATTER COMPREHENSIBLE TO STUDENTS

TPE 1A: Subject-Specific Pedagogical Skills for Multiple Subject Teaching Assignments - Teaching Science in a Multiple Subject Assignment

Candidates for a Multiple Subject Teaching Credential demonstrate the ability to teach the state-adopted academic content standards for students in science (K-8). They balance the focus of instruction between science information, concepts, and investigations. Their explanations, demonstrations, and class activities serve to illustrate science concepts and principles, scientific investigation, and experimentation. Candidates emphasize the importance of accuracy, precision,

C. ENGAGING AND SUPPORTING STUDENTS IN LEARNING

TPE 5: Student Engagement

Candidates for Teaching Credentials clearly communicate instructional objectives to students. They ensure the active and equitable participation of all students. They ensure that students understand what they are to do during instruction and monitor student progress toward academic goals. If students are struggling and off-task, candidates examine why and use strategies to re-engage them. Candidates encourage students to share and examine points of view during lessons. They use community resources, student experiences, and applied learning activities to make instruction relevant. They extend the intellectual quality of student thinking by asking stimulating questions and challenging student ideas. Candidates teach students to respond to and frame meaningful questions.

You will be using assignments and tasks from this course to meet these TPEs in the electronic portfolio.

****NOTE: If you do not post the entries as directed, (1) you will not receive credit for the TPE entries and (2) you will not pass the class.**

9. Make Up Assignment – 10% points make up for missed class or late arrivals/early departures:

By completing this assignment you have the opportunity to offset penalty points for missing one entire class or a combination of up to three late arrivals and/or early departures. Attend a science related informal or formal event or presentation equivalent in time and effort to one class session (3 hrs). This could be a field trip, museum, lecture or some other equivalent experience that will assist you either directly or indirectly in becoming a science teacher. Your choice!! To complete this requirement: 1) complete a one-page summary of the science you learned from the site and applications to teaching; 2) send by email to all of us; 3) do a 5 minute presentation to the class during class one of the classes. Your presentation should be such that we see a snapshot of how you spent a minimum of three hours and the corresponding learning during this visit. Discuss with the instructor about the class time in which you may do the presentation. The report and oral presentation should include a summary of what you learned and implications for your own teaching.

RESOURCES

JOURNALS

Science	Science Scope	Physics Teacher
Science and Children	The Science Teacher	Journal of Chemical Education
Science Education	School Science and Math	Innovations in Science & Technology Education
Science News	American Biology Teacher	Journal of Research in Science Teaching

APENDIX A: Tentative Class Schedule

Class #	Topic/Activity	Readings & Work Due
1 8/29	Course Overview The Nature of Science What makes a good science Teacher? How do we make decisions about what to teach and how we teach it? <i>-Introduction to Learning Cycle Inquiry approach to instruction</i>	Bring Syllabus to class -Read Learning Cycle Handout on WebCT
2 9/05	CA Science Frameworks and Standards: What are the overarching themes that we want students to learn in science? - Standards tasks I, II & III What shall we use as indicators that students have learned and understand the intended outcomes? <i>-Assessment – Writing objectives to support Assessment</i>	-Bring Science Education Standards to Class -Read First 3 Chapters of the California Science Frameworks. - RAJE on Ch. 1,4,5 Due
3 9/12	Science Kits & Resources for Science Teaching: What Activities of Teaching shall we use to make the content accessible to ALL students? - Assessments of Understanding - Focus on sequencing instruction -Understanding the Learning Cycle -Pendulum Activity Lesson Planning: How shall we sequence the learning activities so that students can learn the intended themes? -Learning Cycle Activity on circuits	-RAJE on Ch. 2, 5, 6, 7, Due Draft Lesson Plan Due in class
4 9/19	Learning Cycle Science Lesson Demonstrations: What strategies can we use to ensure participation of ALL students in science learning? -Units Planning & Integrating Science with other subjects -Developing Unit Assessment plans	-Hands-on lesson presentations x4 -RAJE on ch. 8, 11,12, Due
5 9/26	Learning Cycle Science Lesson Demonstrations -Science Fairs and models of Inquiry -Unit planning Tasks	-Hands-on lesson presentations x4 -RAJE on ch.13, 14, 15, 16 Due -Lesson Reflections Due from Previous Presenters
6 10/03	Learning Cycle Science Lesson Demonstrations Safety in Elementary Science Classrooms Technology for science Teaching - Developing Science WebQuests	-Science Fair Lesson Plan Due -Hands-on lesson presentations x4 -RAJE on Ch. 3, 18, 19,21 Due -Lesson Reflections Due from Previous Presenters
7 10/10	Science Fair Exploratorium Presentations at a Local School	-Science Fair Lessons Presentations at a Local School -Lesson Reflections Due from Previous Presenters
8 10/17	Adapting Science curriculum for children with Special Needs <u>Unit Plan Presentations</u> Writing TPEs Course Evaluations	-Technology Resources Assignment Due -Unit Plans Due -TPES due via Taskstream

* RAJE = Reading Accountability Journal Entry

SB 2042 - AUTHORIZATION TO TEACH ENGLISH LEARNERS COMPETENCIES

PART 1: LANGUAGE STRUCTURE AND FIRST- AND SECOND-LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT	PART 2: METHODOLOGY OF BILINGUAL, ENGLISH LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT, AND CONTENT INSTRUCTION	PART 3: CULTURE AND CULTURAL DIVERSITY
I. Language Structure and Use: Universals and Differences (including the structure of English)	I. Theories and Methods of Bilingual Education	I. The Nature of Culture
A. The sound systems of language (phonology)	A. Foundations	A. Definitions of culture
B. Word formation (morphology)	B. Organizational models: What works for whom?	B. Perceptions of culture
C. Syntax	C. Instructional strategies	C. Intra-group differences (e.g., ethnicity, race, generations, and micro-cultures)
D. Word meaning (semantics)	II. Theories and Methods for Instruction In and Through English	D. Physical geography and its effects on culture
E. Language in context	A. Teacher delivery for <u>both</u> English language development <u>and</u> content instruction	E. Cultural congruence
F. Written discourse	B. Approaches with a focus on English language development	II. Manifestations of Culture: Learning About Students
G. Oral discourse	C. Approaches with a focus on content area instruction (specially designed academic instruction delivered in English)	A. What teachers should learn about their students
H. Nonverbal communication	D. Working with paraprofessionals	B. How teachers can learn about their students
I. Language Change		C. How teachers can use what they learn about their students (culturally responsive pedagogy)
II. Theories and Factors in First- and Second-Language Development	III. Language and Content Area Assessment	III. Cultural Contact
A. Historical and current theories and models of language analysis that have implications for second-language development and pedagogy	A. Purpose	A. Concepts of cultural contact
B. Psychological factors affecting first- and second-language development	B. Methods	B. Stages of individual cultural contact
C. Socio-cultural factors affecting first- and second-language development	C. State mandates	C. The dynamics of prejudice
D. Pedagogical factors affecting first- and second-language development	D. Limitations of assessment	D. Strategies for conflict resolution
E. Political factors affecting first- and second-language development	E. Technical concepts	IV. Cultural Diversity in U.S. and CA
		A. Historical perspectives
		B. Demography
		C. Migration and immigration