#### **EDMI 521**

# Language and literacy in Elementary and middle school classrooms Autumn 2004 Woodland Park Middle School

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# California State University San Marcos COLLEGE OF EDUCATION Mission Statement

The mission of the College of Education Community is to collaboratively transform public education by preparing thoughtful educators and advancing professional practices. We are committed to diversity, educational equity, and social justice, exemplified through reflective teaching, life-long learning, innovative research, and ongoing service. Our practices demonstrate a commitment to student centered education, diversity, collaboration, professionalism, and shared governance.

<u>Authorization to Teach English Learners.</u> This credential program has been specifically designed to prepare teachers for the diversity of languages often encountered in California public school classrooms. The authorization to teach English learners is met through the infusion of content and experiences within the credential program, as well as additional coursework. Students successfully completing this program receive a credential with authorization to teach English learners.

(approved by CCTC in SB 2042 Program Standards, August 02))

Students with Disabilities Requiring Reasonable Accommodations. Students are approved for services through the Disabled Student Services Office (DSS). This office is located in Craven Hall 5205, and can be contacted by phone at (760) 750-4905, or TTY (760) 750-4909. Students authorized by DSS to receive reasonable accommodations should meet with their instructor during office hours or, in order to ensure confidentiality, in a more private setting.

#### Course Description

The primary aim of this course is for students to develop an understanding of the theory, methodology and assessment of English language arts and second language learning in integrated and inclusive elementary and middle school classrooms.

#### **Standard Alignment:**

The course objectives, assignments, and assessments have been aligned with the CTC standards for Multiple Subjects Credential. Please be sure to incorporate artifacts from this class into your final comprehensive portfolio. The following standards are a primary emphasis in this course:

Standard 3-Relationship between theory and practice Standard 4-Pedagogical thought and reflective practice Standard 5-Equity, Diversity, & Access to the Core Curriculum Standard 7-Equity, Preparation to Teach Reading Language Arts

### **Teacher Performance Expectation (TPE) Competencies:**

This course is designed to help teachers seeking the Multiple Subjects Credential to develop the skills, knowledge, and attitudes necessary to assist schools and district in implementing an effective program for all students. The successful candidate will be able to merge theory and practice in order to realize a comprehensive and extensive educational program for all students. The following TPE's are addressed in this course:

# **Primary Emphasis**

TPE 1a-Subject Specific Pedagogical Skills for MS Teaching TPE 4-Making Content Accessible

#### Task Stream, TPE's, and Assignments

TPE Reflective Writing for Task Stream:

This course requires that you address the TPE's listed above for your Task Stream Electronic Portfolio. You will address these TPE's by completing course assignments. Completion of the course assignments includes submitting them in the appropriate format to your electronic portfolio. Assessment of your TPE's is directly related to the assessment of your course assignments. You will write summary reflections to be submitted, responded to, and archived via Task Stream. We will discuss this further in class and provide lots of support to do this.

#### http://lynx.csusm.edu/coe/eportfolio/index.asp

This will take you to the CSUSM COE website where you can get help with how to create your electronic portfolio and information on the required elements.

#### http://www.taskstream.com

This is the TaskStream home page where you will register for Taskstream and return to when working on your electronic portfolio.

#### **REQUIRED TEXTS:**

Beers, K. & B. Samuels. (1998) Into Focus: Understanding and creating middle school readers. Mass.: Christopher Gordon.

Cunningham, P and Allington, R. (1999) (3<sup>nd</sup> ed.)<u>Classrooms that</u> work. NewYork: Longman.

NCTE, Voices in the middle, <u>Spelling Counts</u>. Vol. 9 No. 3 (March 2002)

Rethinking our classrooms 2: Teaching for Equity and social

justice

Routman, R. (2003) Reading Essentials Portsmouth: Heinemann.

Packet of readings available at CopyServe

**Recommended Books:** 

Cunningham, P. (4<sup>rd</sup> ed.) <u>Phonics They Use</u> Zarrillo, J. J. (2002). (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.) <u>Ready for RICA:</u> A test preparation

guide for California's Reading Instruction Competence

Assessment. Merrill Prentice Hall.

**Young Adolescent Lit.**: You will read **ONE** of the following:

Fleischman, P. Seedfolks

Juster, N. (1961) Phantom Tollbooth Koss, Amy Goldman (2003) The cheat

Ryan, P. M. Esperanza Rising

Roertge, R. (2003) Shakespeare bats cleanup

Soto, G. Novio boy: A play

#### **OBJECTIVES**

#### KNOWLEDGE

Students will:

(Optional)

- \*gain an understanding of how a first and second language is acquired.
- \*gain an understanding of the reading and writing processes and their relationship to thought, language and learning.
- \*gain an understanding of how people learn to read and write in their first and second language
- \*become familiar with current approaches to the teaching of reading and writing, the theoretical bases of such approaches, and some of the controversy surrounding them.
- \*become familiar with current approaches to the teaching of reading and writing in culturally and linguistically diverse middle school classrooms
- \*become familiar with classroom diagnostic techniques and evaluation procedures.

#### **SKILLS**

Students will:

- \*become sensitive observers of children's language using behaviors.
- \*analyze children's reading and writing behavior as a basis for making instructional decisions
- \*develop the ability to select appropriate materials and instructional strategies to meet the individual needs of students
- \*learn how to organize the classroom for teaching reading and writing to culturally and linguistically diverse populations.

### **ATTITUDES AND VALUES**

Students will:

- \*develop an appreciation for the natural language abilities children possess for processing and producing print
- \*develop an appreciation for the need and value of integrating reading and writing into all areas of the curriculum
- \*affirm the importance of a rich environment for developing an effective language arts program.
- \*develop a sensitivity to and appreciation for culturally and linguistically diverse learners.
- \*develop an appreciation for the importance of reading and writing for their own personal and professional growth
- \*develop a respect for each student, his/her abilities and background and the student's right to instruction that meets his or her individual needs.

## **REQUIREMENTS:**

Reading reflections (30 pts.): It is expected that everyone will understand all the readings and will come to class prepared to discuss them. Write at least 3 comments or questions from the readings for that session. Do not summarize. Please give thoughtful reactions, responses, and reflections. If the readings are from more than one book, try to comment on more than one book. We will use these as the basis of our discussion at the beginning of some classes. I will collect them at the beginning of each session and they should show that you have done the reading. You do not have to write comment cards for the young adolescent literature. You have 3 free passes!

Observation Reflections (Total 20 pts., 10 pts each): We have scheduled two half days to observe in elementary classrooms, one will be focused on reading and one will be focused on writing. Take notes on what you see in the classrooms while you are there. Following our visits we will debrief the experiences in class and you will write a 2-3 page reflection on your observation of effective practices in teaching reading and writing to children.

#### Your observation notes on the day you observe will look like this:

Example:

**Topic**: Phonics Instruction **Date/Time** 9/7/98 9:00-10:00

Place (school/grade/classrooms) Discovery Elementary, Monolingual 1st grade

**Activity**: Teacher taught "B"sound using alphabet cards and the pocket chart. Students wrote words beginning with B then illustrated the following-bird, ball, balloon, and boat.

**Reflective Notes:** The teacher did a good job being inclusive with all students. Accommodations were made for second language learners when the teacher used some words that were close cognates (ball-bola) to help the students make connections. I noticed that one of the children who had trouble focusing was seated next to the teacher. She was very effective in selecting children to participate in order to ensure that the students did not get out of hand. I would modify this lesson in order to help English learners by using some cognates in Spanish and showing the students how beginning sounds work in their language.

Please do try to observe a lesson in each of the areas of the RICA Notebook for this semester:

- Phonemic Awareness
- Concepts About Print
- Phonics Instruction
- Spelling Instruction
- Reading Comprehension-Narrative
- Supporting Reading through Oral and Written Language Development
- Vocabulary Development
- Writing

Your final reflection will be an extension of your notes about the activities (what was being taught/learned) you saw and your reflections on them. Please include the setting (small group, large group, one-on-one), what the teacher and the students did and what accommodations were made for students with special needs, or English language learners.

Reading Strategy lessons (20 pts.) Each of you individually will present one lesson (no longer than 15 minutes please) on a reading or writing strategy. Write a lesson plan and bring enough copies for the cohort on the day you demonstrate your lesson. These can be lessons you would teach individually, in a small group or a whole class. Make your lesson active, interesting, fun and meaningful. Feel free to use the required literature for this class. Be sure to ask yourself how this lesson is related to real reading and writing. If you can't answer that, you may want to rethink your choice for a lesson. Examples of strategies are:

Make predictions

Form hypothesis

Support the hypotheses you make

Monitor how well you are comprehending while you read

Form mental pictures while you read

Summarize what you read

Make inferences

Ask questions of yourself while you read

Use context clues to figure out words you don't know

Sound out a word you don't know

Choose books you can read

Organize information while you read.

Relate what you are reading to what you already know

Recognize the main idea of a story

Identify patterns in a text

Bring enough copies for the cohort on the day you demonstrate your lesson.

**DUE: Sign up** 

### **Choice Assignment (30 pts.):** Choose ONE from the following (DUE October):

\*Work place literacy: Examine the manner in which literacy (reading and writing) is used in a particular occupation. Interview two -three individuals that work in the occupation that you have selected to research. In addition you should try to spend some time observing one individual at the workplace. (Many people chose a spouse – that's fine) Both the interviews and the observations should focus on the **amount** of literacy required on the job as well as the various **purposes** for the use of literacy. Interview questions could include:

- 1. What kinds of reading and writing do you do on a daily basis?
- 2. Walk me through a day of work.
- 3. What kinds of computer related reading and writing do you do?
- 4. What kinds of professional reading and writing do you do?
- 5. Do you have to write to keep your job?
- 6. Does any kind of promotion depend on reading and writing?
- 7. Do you work with other kinds of non-print texts?
- 8. How are you evaluated? how do you evaluate others?
- 9. Do you write directions or safety policies or have to read them on the job?
- 10. What kinds of preparation with regard to reading and writing was necessary for this job?

In analyzing and evaluating your data, you will identify patterns in the amount of literacy use and the various purposes for reading and writing in the workplace. Would this be a valuable assignment for your own students? Conclude your paper by describing the one most important thing you learned about workplace literacy or research from doing this paper. Suggested length: 5-8 double spaced pages.

\*I-Search paper: Choose a topic that you are really interested in., personally or professionally. If you are planning a trip to Italy, research Italy. If someone in your family has an illness you want to know more about, research that. If you want to learn how to make soap, research it and make it. If you are getting ready to invest some money in stocks, research the stock market. Make it something you can use and want to know about.

Keep a notebook divided into three sections.

**Section one** is your notes about your process. Reflect on what you are doing and why. Keep it like a log or journal - informal - but try to keep track of the decisions you made along the way. (i.e. "I changed my topic because I couldn't find enough information.") **Section two** is your notes about what you find out. This is like the notecards we had to keep when we did research papers. You can keep them any way you choose, as long as you keep in them in one place. You may want organize your notes by topic as you collect them.

**Section three** is your resources. It is not necessary that everything is written down in APA format, but be sure you keep track of all the necessary information for your bibliography.

You may present your information any way you choose: visually, a play, a song, a paper, a brochure, anything. If you want to present your information in a form that is not mailable, you may want to consider presenting it at the second weekend. The second part of the assignment is to reflect on your process. How did you get started? What was difficult for you? What was easy? What kinds of decisions did you have to make in what kinds of information to present? How did you decide to organize your information? Did you consider an audience when you were researching? Who was your audience? If you can, compare your process to how you write

a narrative piece of writing. How were they the same, how were they different? **Especially respond to:** What did you learn about fostering children's learning and writing of information?

• Annotated bibliography of resources: Choose a topic you could be teaching and then create an annotated bibliography of resources for students. This resource list should have at least twenty resources print and non-print and no more than ten web sites. They should all be appropriate for students to use (this is not necessarily a teacher resource list – but of course you could use it).

\*In-depth evaluation of a software program that supports reading or writing for students and/or teachers. Check with me for some samples of guidelines or use existing guidelines from various organizations or create your own. You may wish to bring in the software to share when reviewing it for the class. When evaluating, consider the appeal to students and/or teachers, accessibility, applicability (in what situations could you envision it being used) and overall quality. Suggested length: 3-6 typewritten pages.

**Book Review**: Choose a professional book about language arts or related issue. I have many suggestions if you need one. Also check out the Heinemann (Heinemann.com) and Stenhouse (Stenhouse.com) web sites for many good ideas. Read it and write a 2-4 page review. Give a brief summary of the book and include what you think would be most helpful to middle school teachers. Give a critical analysis: how well did the book accomplish what it set out to do. You can include quotes and examples from the book to illustrate your points or support them. Write a one-page summary of your review to share and hand out to the class.

**Appropriate literature and activities**: Choose five pieces of literature that would be appropriate for a middle school student with **one** of the following needs: English language learner, struggling reader, special needs, GATE. Design activities (into, through and beyond) that would enable the student to have access to the literature and/or challenge him or her. Cite specific standards that you are trying to teach with these activities.

**Professional JOURNAL REVIEWS**: Do an oral critique (4-5 minutes) and a visual display of a single issue of a professional periodical. Be sure to include how often the journal is published in a year, how much it costs, what age (elementary, middle only, middle and high school, etc.) it is appropriate for and what kinds of things the magazine features. To avoid duplication, select from the list below. (If a journal you would like to review is not on this list, please check with me before reviewing it)

Book Links
BookList
CABE journal (California Association of Bilingual educators)
California English
California Reader
English Journal
The Horn Book
Language Arts
The New Advocate
The Reading Teacher

School Library Journal Storytelling Magazine Voices from the middle Children's Literature in Education

If you would like to do a professional journal from science, social studies or math, check with me. It's probably fine, just check. You'll also have to get suggestions on titles from the other instructors.

\*LEARNING CENTER: Design a learning center/station around a topic, single book or a thematic group of books. A learning center is a place where students can go in a classroom and select from a variety of meaningful activities about a particular topic, the things they are interested in learning about or doing. Activities are designed to facilitate student's independent learning across the curriculum and so could include math, science, social studies, art, music and language arts activities or focus on one particular area. Please try to avoid "worksheet" type activities. A learning center is a place to promote student's inquiry on a particular subject. The learning center should also include a variety of books related to the book or topic which is the center of the study or related to the theme. Be sure to tie the activities in the center to the books you are using. Also include the instructions for the center as if the students were completing it independently. Choose the grade you will gear your center for and that will help focus the study and activities.

## (This is not one of the choice projects:)

**RICA Study notebook:** This is not for a grade, but will help you get organized to study for the RICA exam. Get a three ring binder and 12 dividers.

#### **RICA Resource Notebook:**

• The Notebook will be organized around the 13 RICA Content Areas (see the RICA Registration Bulletin, p.39-45)

Each section of the notebook could contain the following:

- A RICA analysis sheet including: (a) what this content area(s) is about (Put it in your own words 2 to 4 sentences), (b) 2 ways of assessing this content area (include rationale); and (c) 1 way of teaching it (description and accommodations). Describe the teaching strategy and explain how it supports reading, writing and/or language arts development.
- An lesson observation form
- A technology-rich assignment that enhances your teaching and student learning
- Lesson plans, articles, and any other resources collected within class or student teaching that would be helpful.

For the first semester we will need to complete the following content areas:

- Section 1 Conducting ongoing assessment of reading development
- Section 2: Planning, Organizing, and Managing Reading Instruction
- Section 3: Phonemic Awareness
- Section 4: Concepts About Print
- Section 5: Systematic, Explicit Phonics and Other Word Identification Strategies
- Section 6: Spelling Instruction

- Section 7: Reading Comprehension Narrative
- Section12: Vocabulary Development
- Section 13: Structure of the English Language
- Section 14 Special Needs/accommodating all learners

You can choose how to organize this information in your notebook. You may include course assignments (lesson plan,, classroom observations, choice project, etc.), course handouts and materials from your classroom/school site, examples of lesson plans and student work, information from internet sources or professional journals. You may want to include strategies you will use to teach these content areas. You may even include pictures of students learning a specific strategy as well as your reflection on what was happening, why it worked or didn't work and why that was. You may include one (or more) successful activities that you used in the classroom (must be related to language arts instruction).

The resource notebook will contain samples of your learning and understanding, and examples of your work that demonstrate that you are ready to instruct children in reading, writing, listening and speaking. Feel free to use a variety of graphic and written presentations, as best suits your learning style, in order to show your learning and understanding. Use a three-ring binder to organize your materials. Work with a friend so you can exchange ideas.

As you learn about assessment, phonemic awareness, the use of phonics, comprehension strategies and other components crucial to effective literacy instruction, compiling your resource notebook will help you prepare and review the content areas assessed by the RICA test. More importantly, it will serve as a resource for you in the future, and may be used for job interviews to illustrate your knowledge and experiences.

Note: Besides the course readings, Dr. Alice Quiocho's web site can also serve as a resource. The address is: <a href="http://www.csusm.edu/Quiocho">http://www.csusm.edu/Quiocho</a>. Click on "reading instruction portfolio." See the <a href="section on accommodations">section on accommodations</a> for ideas on ways to support second language learners.

Note: See <a href="https://www.ed.gov/free/">www.ed.gov/free/</a> for free Educational Materials Each section of the notebook could contain the following:

- A RICA analysis sheet including:
- (a) what this content area(s) is about (Put it in your own words -2 to 4 sentences),
- (b) 2 ways of assessing this content area (include rationale), and
- (c) 1 way of teaching it (description and accommodations). Describe the teaching strategy and explain how it supports reading, writing and/or language arts development. Include description of 3 accommodations minimum.
- An observation form (except for section 1).
- A technology-rich assignment that enhances your teaching and student learning.
- Lesson plans, articles, and any other resources collected within class or student teaching that would be helpful.

Example 1
California Reading Initiative Reading/ Language Arts Components Grid

Component	How to Assess (include rationale)	How to Teach It (Strategies)	Accommodations (at least 3)

Example 2 RICA Analysis Sheet

Component	How to Assess	How to Teach it (Strategies)	Accommodations
Phonemic Awareness	Phonemic awareness is assessed by finding out whether or not the student is capable of manipulating the language. For example;  I would ask a student to pick out the first sound or last sound of a word,  I would ask the student to identify, pronounce and blend sounds or a segment of a word,  I would ask students to identify sentences, words, or sounds to see if they are aware of the structure of a sentence.  Assessment Tools  The Yopp-Singer Test of Phonemic Segmentation	These are strategies that can be used to teach ELL and non-ELL students phonetic awareness,  Involve students in poetry, rhymes and songs of all types,  Use a chant to clap syllables in students' names,  Sort known objects or pictures into groups of similar sounds (Realia Cans),  Play a guessing game using picture cards and help the children to put together blends to make their guess,  Sing songs that allow children to replace sounds with other sounds, even to make nonsense words,	For children with special needs I would use these strategies,  • Specific skills instruction alongside a basal reading program— This means I would ask students what sounds they hear in certain words or what word would make sense in an empty space within a sentence. This strategy would allow me to assess my student's progress,  • Great children's literature books including, nursery rhymes, alliterative books, picture books, repetitive pattern

	Read to your students.	books, Dr. Seuss books, and alphabet books with word-picture formats,  Rhymes, chants, finger rhymes, manipulatives, games, role- playing,  Writing journals and quick writes (encourage invented spelling!),
		rich environment including the use of Word Walls,  Rebus activitiesthis activity is when you replace a noun in a sentence with a picture of the noun. The student can then replace the picture with an invented spelling of the word.

Assignment Comment cards Elementary Observation reflections Strategy lesson Choice assignment		Points 30 pts. 20 pts. 20 pts. 30 pts.		Due Date Each class Oct. Sign up Oct.
TOTAL		100 pts.		
Grading scale A 93-100 points A- 90-92 B+ 87-89 B 83-86		B- C+ C	80-82 77-79 74-76 70-72	points

# **COE Attendance Policy**

Due to the dynamic and interactive nature of courses in the College of Education, all students are expected to attend all classes and participate actively. At a minimum, students must attend more than 80% of class time, or s/he **may not receive a passing grade** for the course at the discretion of the instructor. Individual instructors may adopt more stringent attendance requirements. Should the student have extenuating circumstances, s/he should contact the instructor as soon as possible.

A good student is one who adheres to standards of dependability and promptness. If you miss two class sessions or are late (or leave early) for more than three sessions, you cannot receive an A. If you miss three class sessions you cannot receive a B.

Each assignment is due on the date indicated on the syllabus It is expected that the entire assignment will be completed and turned in by the required date. Late assignments will be penalized by a 10% reduction in points for each week day late. After one week, late assignments will be given a zero. Unless extraordinary circumstances are made known, this is not negotiable.

If you think you could have done better on an assignment, you can request to redo it. A redone assignment will automatically have a reduction of 5%. If you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to come in and speak with us about them. Select a "buddy" to ensure you receive handouts and information when you must miss class.

You must maintain a B average (3.0 GPA) and cannot receive below a C+ in a course in your teacher education courses to receive a teaching credential from the State of California.