

CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY SAN MARCOS
COLLEGE OF EDUCATION
EDMS 545 - Elementary Science Education
Tuesdays & Thursdays 10:00-1:00 UH460

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Office Hours: Tues.1-2 and by apt.

Required Textbooks: *Teaching Children Science. An Inquiry Approach*
By Alfred E. Friedl. NY: McGraw-Hill.
EDMS 545 Science Education Course Handouts. Dr. Kathy Norman.
Successful Inclusive Teaching (3rd ed.).
By J. S. Choate, (2000). Needham Heights, MA: Allyn and Bacon.
Moon Journals; Writing, Art and Inquiry through Focused Nature Study.
By J. Chancer and G. Rester-Zodrow. Portsmouth, NH: Heinemann. On reserve.

Other Good Books: *A Year of Hands-on Science.* (1996). By Lynne Kepler. New York: Scholastic.
200 Goopy, Slippery, Slimy, Weird & Fun Experiments. (1993).
By Janice VanCleave. New York: JohnWiley
Science Matters: Achieving Scientific Literacy. By Robert M. Hazen
Great Explorations in Math & Science (G.E.M.S.). Lawrence Hall of Science.
<http://www.lhs.berkeley.edu/GEMS/>
Activities Integrating Math and Science. Aims Education Foundation.
<http://www.aimsedu.org/aimscatalog/default.tpl>

These and many other hands-on science books are in bookstores, museums, zoos, even grocery stores!

COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to provide a comprehensive overview of the objectives, skills, concepts, experiments, materials, and methods necessary to teach science to elementary school children. A series of team activities will provide you with first-hand experiences in these areas. This course focuses on instructional methods, techniques, materials, lesson planning, curriculum development, organization and assessment in science. The integration of curricular areas is addressed. Methods of cross-cultural language and academic development will be integrated into the course.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

By the end of this course, students should be able to

1. Demonstrate proficiency with inquiry skills of observing, measuring, inferring, classifying, predicting, verifying predictions, hypothesizing, isolating variables, interpreting data, and experimenting.
2. Identify exemplary materials (curriculum kits, science programs, textbooks, equipment, technology, ancillary materials) appropriate for elementary school children.
3. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the California Science Framework, the California Science Content Standards, and the National Science Education Standards.
4. Demonstrate an understanding of the physical, earth and life science concepts included in the K-8 California Science Content Standards, and how to design lessons to teach the concepts.
5. Use the Learning Cycle model of instruction to teach science in a contemporary manner.
6. Use technology in elementary science teaching.
7. Demonstrate confidence in leading and performing investigations designed to teach science concepts, science process skills, and scientific attitudes.
8. Use authentic methods of assessment to evaluate student learning of science concepts and processes.
9. Design an elementary science teaching mini-unit .
10. Practice strategies to include all students in science (linguistically and culturally diverse, students with disabilities and other students with special needs).

COE MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the College of Education Community is to collaboratively transform public education by preparing thoughtful educators and advancing professional practices. We are committed to diversity, educational equity, and social justice, exemplified through reflective teaching, life-long learning, innovative research, and on-going service. Our practices demonstrate a commitment to student-centered education, diversity, collaboration, professionalism and shared governance.
(adopted by COE Governance Community, October 1997)

INFUSED COMPETENCIES

Authorization to Teach English Learners

This credential program has been specifically designed to prepare teachers for the diversity of languages often encountered in California public school classrooms. The authorization to teach English learners is met through the infusion of content and experiences within the credential program, as well as additional coursework. Students successfully completing this program receive a credential with authorization to teach English learners.

(approved by CCTC in SB 2042 Program Standards, August 02))

Special Education

Consistent with the intent to offer a seamless teaching credential in the College of Education, this course will demonstrate the collaborative infusion of special education competencies that reflect inclusive educational practices.

Technology

This course infuses technology competencies to prepare our candidates to use technologies, emphasizing their use in both teaching practice and student learning.

COURSE REQUIREMENTS

COE Attendance Policy

Due to the dynamic and interactive nature of courses in the College of Education, all students are expected to attend all classes and participate actively. Absences and late arrivals/early departures will affect the final grade. At a minimum, students must attend more than 80% of class time, or s/he may not receive a passing grade for the course at the discretion of the instructor. Individual instructors may adopt more stringent attendance requirements. Should the student have extenuating circumstances, s/he should contact the instructor as soon as possible.

For this class, if you miss 2 class sessions or are late (or leave early) for three or more sessions, your highest possible grade is a B. If you miss 3 class sessions, your highest possible grade is a C. If you miss more than 20% of the class (3 class sessions), you may not receive a passing grade for the course. Absences do not change assignment due dates. Late assignments will receive a 10% reduction in points for each day late. After one week, late assignments will receive no credit.

Writing

In keeping with the All-University Writing Requirement, all courses must have a writing component of at least 2,500 words (approximately 10 pages) which can be administered in a variety of ways.

Students with Disabilities Requiring Reasonable Accommodations

Students are approved for services through the Disabled Student Services Office (DSS). This office is located in Craven Hall 5205, and can be contacted by phone at (760) 750-4905, or TTY (760) 750-4909. Students authorized by DSS to receive reasonable accommodations should meet with their instructor during office hours or, in order to ensure confidentiality, in a more private setting.

**You must go to ACD 202 to activate your CSUSM e-mail account, or provide another email address.

TOPICS OUTLINE

The Arts and Science
Cooperative Learning in the Science Classroom
The Learning Cycle Model of Teaching
Learning Cycle Science Lesson Demonstrations
Writing Objectives for Student Learning
Writing Science Concept Definitions
CA Science Content Standards Grades K-8
California Science Framework
SDAIE Strategies in Science
Infusing Writing Activities in Science Lessons
Science Curriculum Kits and State Approved Texts
Science Process Skills and Scientific Attitudes
Current Issues in Science Education
Infusing Technology into Science Teaching
Authentic Assessments in Science
Science Projects, Student Research, Science Fairs
Safety in the Science Class
Inclusion and Teaching Science to Students with Special Needs

COURSE ASSIGNMENTS

| | |
|--|-----|
| 1. Participation, Collaboration and Professionalism (individual) | 15% |
| 2. Reading Responses (individual) | 15% |
| 3. Daily Quizzes (individual and open notebook) | 10% |
| 4. Exam over Learning Cycle Science Lessons (individual and open notebook) | 10% |
| 5. Science Instruction Case Study (may work in pairs) | 10% |
| 6. Leadership of Hands-on Science Lesson (team) | 10% |
| 7. Science Exposition Lesson Plan and Presentation (may work in pairs) | 10% |
| 8. Science Teaching Unit and Presentation (may work in pairs) | 10% |
| 9. Final Assignment (individual) | 5% |
| 10. Science Teaching Notebook (individual) | 5% |

**Late assignments will be penalized by a 10-point reduction each day they are late.
Keep digital copies of all assignments for your Credential Program Electronic Portfolio.**

CRITERIA FOR GRADING ASSIGNMENTS

| | | |
|---|---|---------|
| A | Outstanding work on assignment, excellent syntheses of information and experiences, great insight and application, and excellent writing. | 90-100% |
| B | Completion of assignment in good form with good syntheses and application of information and experiences; writing is good. | 80-89% |
| C | Completion of assignment, adequate effort, adequate synthesis of information and application of information and experiences, writing is adequate. | 70-79% |
| D | Incomplete assignment, inadequate effort and synthesis of information, writing is less than adequate. | 60-69% |

Grades will be determined by points earned:

| | |
|------------|------------|
| A = 93-100 | C+ = 77-79 |
| A- = 90-92 | C = 73-76 |
| B+ = 87-89 | C- = 70-72 |
| B = 83-86 | D = 60-69 |
| B- = 80-82 | F = 0-59 |

ASSIGNMENT DESCRIPTIONS

1. PARTICIPATION, COLLABORATION AND PROFESSIONALISM (individual)

Students will engage in active learning each class session, and will be expected to actively participate, collaborate, and demonstrate professionalism at all times.

- Do you participate in class discussions productively, sharing your knowledge and understandings?
- Do you interact productively with your peers, taking on a variety of roles (leader, follower, etc.)?
- Do you contribute appropriately to group work—do you “do your share”?
- Are you able to accept others’ opinions?
- Are you supportive of others’ ideas?
- Do you support your peers during their presentations?
- Can you monitor and adjust your participation to allow for others’ ideas as well as your own to be heard?
- Do you show a positive attitude and disposition towards teaching all students?
- Do you exhibit professional behavior at all times?

Rubric for PCP: Participation, Collaboration and Professionalism

| CATEGORY | Excellent 20 pts. | Acceptable 15 pts. | Unacceptable 5 pts. | Your Score |
|------------------------------------|---|--|---|---------------|
| Attitude | Always has a positive attitude. Never is critical of the task or others without offering alternatives, showing initiative, and working hard for improvement. | Usually has a positive attitude. Rarely is critical. | Seldom has a positive attitude. Often is critical. | |
| Professionalism | Always behaves, talks and works in a professional manner, regardless of task/topic. | Often behaves, talks and works in a professional manner, regardless of task or topic. | Seldom behaves, talks and works in a professional manner, regardless of task/topic. | |
| Collaboration | Almost always listens to, shares with, and supports the efforts of others. Tries to keep people working well together. | Often listens to, shares with, and supports the efforts of others, but sometimes is not a good team member. | Rarely listens to, shares with, and supports the efforts of others. Is not always a good team player. | |
| Contributions | Always provides useful ideas; always stays focused on the task. A definite leader who contributes a lot of effort. | Often provides useful ideas; stays focused most of the time. A satisfactory group member who does what is required. | Rarely provides useful ideas; not always focused. Reluctant to participate. Lets others take charge and participate. | |
| Disposition toward Teaching | Always demonstrates concern in learning to teach all children. Always demonstrates strong commitment toward developing (a) an understanding of children, (b) teaching strategies, and (c) knowledge of the CA Standards for the Teaching Profession and CA Science Content Standards. | Often demonstrates concern in learning to teach all children. Often demonstrates commitment toward developing (a) an understanding of children, (b) teaching strategies, and (c) knowledge of the CA Standards for the Teaching Profession and CA Science Content Standards. | Rarely shows concern in learning to teach all children. Rarely demonstrates commitment toward developing (a) an understanding of children, (b) teaching strategies, and (c) knowledge of the CA Standards for the Teaching Profession and CA Science Content Standards. | |

Total Score: _____

You will do a self assessment, using this rubric, and write a 1-2 page rationale. The professor will also do an assessment, using this rubric.

2. **READING RESPONSES (ONE PER CHAPTER)** (individual)

Students will be assigned readings and should present their TYPED responses to each chapter in one of the following forms:

- A. A Big Ideas paper explaining the key science concepts
- B. A visual or symbolic representation of the key science concepts
- C. A graphic organizer that demonstrates the key science concepts and their relationships to one another (samples will be provided in class)

Responses should be ONE page and TYPED. Make the most of the space. Use a standard font, such as Helvetica, Time or Times New Roman 10 or 12 point. They will be checked off for completion each due date. Representative samples will be examined for closer reading. Summarize only the science content, NOT activities.

PRIMARY TEACHING PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS

TPE 1A: Subject-Specific Pedagogical Skills for Multiple Subject Teaching Assignments

TPE 4: Making Content Accessible

TPE 5: Student Engagement

TPE 6: Developmentally Appropriate Teaching Practices

TPE 6A: Developmentally Appropriate Practices in Grades K-3

TPE 6B: Developmentally Appropriate Practices in Grades 4-8

3. **DAILY QUIZZES** (individual)

Each class session will begin with a 2 question quiz, based on work completed thus far in the course and your readings. (Open-Notebook Quizzes)

4. **EXAM OVER LEARNING CYCLE LESSONS** (individual)

At the end of the semester, you will have an exam that includes questions from the hands-on Learning Cycle lessons presented during class. (Open-Notebook Exam)

5. **LEADERSHIP OF HANDS-ON SCIENCE LESSONS – Critical Assessment Task (CATs)**

Students will lead hands-on science lessons during class. The lessons should model inquiry instruction, good questioning skills, and be content-understandable and non-judgmental. The lessons should be based on the California content standards. SDAIE strategies, technology integration, and methods for teaching students with disabilities should all be included and pointed out during the lesson.

You will work in teams to lead science lessons based on the Learning Cycle Model of Instruction. You will teach these to your classmates. Each lesson will be allocated 45-55 minutes of class time to teach. Your classmates will not role-play elementary students, but will learn the science content and how to teach it. Treat your classmates as teachers, not elementary students.

The lessons should include hands-on lessons, and should emphasize particular science concepts. The Exploration and Application phases of the Learning Cycle must require different hands-on science activities using manipulatives. Hands-on activities are NOT reading or completing worksheets (though they may require students to read something or complete lab observation sheets). You should take the activities “off of paper” and require students to use the science process skills with science manipulatives.

Be sure you understand the concepts you are emphasizing, and that you can explain them. The lessons should be developmentally appropriate for K-6, and should follow the NSTA Safety Guidelines. Begin the lesson by writing two essential questions about the lesson on the board, for students to consider during the lesson. Make sure that you include the 3 stages of the Learning Cycle. Make sure that science content background and applications to everyday life are addressed. You need to explain SDAIE strategies and adaptations for students with disabilities. Additionally, include 3 ways to infuse the arts into this lesson.

Prepare a **Powerpoint Computer Presentation** to use in your lesson. The presentation should include a detailed explanation of the science content, as well as a list and definitions of science concepts important to the lesson. Additionally, include a list of at least 5 web sites (with short descriptions) that address the science topic and concepts through simulations, graphics and movies. You should have links to these web sites and show examples during the lesson. **You need to email the presentation to the instructor 2 days prior to your presentation.

Prepare a Science Lesson Handout which includes the following:

- a. Learning Objective(s) written in complete sentences. “The students will _____.”
Use an action verb and explain how students will demonstrate their new knowledge and understanding.

- b. Science Concept(s) and definitions(s) written in complete sentences.
Do not say "The students will ____." (That is an objective, not a science concept.)
 - c. California Science Content Standard(s) which may be addressed, along with grade level.
 - d. Exploration Activity
 - e. Concept Introduction (also called Concept Invention)
 - f. Concept Application Activity
 - g. SDAIE strategies
 - h. Adaptations for students with disabilities
 - i. A 1-2 page summary of the science content background
 - j. A list of 5 relevant web sites (with descriptions)
 - k. Applications to everyday life.
 - l. Two higher thought questions that you want students to be able to answer by the end of your lesson:
 - a. One MAIN IDEA question
 - b. One APPLICATION question
 INCLUDE ONLY THE QUESTIONS, NOT THE ANSWERS.
 - m. Descriptions of 3 ways to infuse the arts into this science lesson.
- Bring copies of the activity for person with (a) team members' names at the top and (b) reference at the bottom.

Class Evaluations of Lesson

Each team will prepare an evaluation instrument to be used by five class members not on the team, The evaluation instruments should have the team member's names, title and science topic at the top. Have five categories to judge the presentations, and a rating scale of one to five, with one representing the best. **Give the instructor a copy of the evaluation that includes a description of each person's role in researching and presenting the lessons.**

PRIMARY TEACHING PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS

- TPE 1A: Subject-Specific Pedagogical Skills for Multiple Subject Teaching Assignments
- TPE 2: Monitoring Student Learning During Instruction
- TPE 4: Making Content Accessible
- TPE 5: Student Engagement
- TPE 6: Developmentally Appropriate Teaching Practices
- TPE 6A: Developmentally Appropriate Practices in Grades K-3
- TPE 6B: Developmentally Appropriate Practices in Grades 4-8
- TPE 9: Instructional Planning
- TPE 10: Instructional Time
- TPE 13: Professional Growth

SECONDARY TEACHING PERFORMANCE EXPECTATION

- TPE 7: Teaching English Learners

6. SCIENCE INSTRUCTION CASE STUDY (may work in pairs)

Students will develop a case study of science instruction involving input from classroom observations, a K-8 teacher or teachers and K-8 students. It will include 5 parts: your observations, teacher interview, student surveys, chart comparison, and case study paper. Carefully read A-F below.

Observations of Science Lessons

- A. Ask an elementary teacher if you can observe 2-3 science lessons in his or her class. Then answer the following:
1. How would you define science instruction in this classroom?
 2. What are the characteristics of science instruction?
 3. What do the students do during science instruction?
 4. What materials are used?
 5. How often do the students engage in hands-on activities?
 6. Do they each participate and have a role?
 7. How is the classroom organized for science instruction?
 8. What science materials are in the classroom?
 9. What evidence is there of science?
 10. Do you see writing infused within the science lessons? If so, what are some examples?
 11. Are there children in the class who are learning English? What differences and similarities exist for children who are learning English?
- Feel free to add more descriptive information in regard to science instruction.

- B After you have answered the above questions find time to interview the teacher..
Ask the teacher to answer the Teacher Survey. Please inform the teacher that the school and district will not be identified, only the grade level. Please do not put the teacher's name on the survey.

Teacher Survey

1. How do children learn science?
2. How do you organize instruction so that children learn concepts related to the California science standards?
3. What are the different activities that you do during science instruction?
4. How do you group the students during science activities?
5. How often do you teach science?
6. How often do the children participate in hands-on science activities?
7. Do you integrate writing activities into science lessons? What are some examples?
8. What is the easiest thing about teaching science?
9. What is the most difficult thing about teaching science?
10. If you could design the ideal science program, what would be the characteristics of the program?
11. How do you organize instruction for science in two languages or in a language other than English? What challenges does this present for you?
12. How do you adapt instruction for students with special needs? Are there particular techniques or issues related to science teaching and students with special needs?

Feel free to include other questions during the interview. If possible, take a portable tape recorder to record the responses for later transcription, as it is easy to miss some things when you are taking notes. Be sure to ask the teacher if she or he minds if you use the tape recorder, and do not use it if the teacher is hesitant.

- C. Ask the teacher if you can hand out the Student Survey to the students in the class. Do **not** have the students put their names on the surveys. Feel free to include other questions on the survey, but do not make it too long for the students to answer. This survey will work with third graders and up; you can try it with second graders but I would suggest reading the questions aloud one at a time for them. If you are working with K, 1 or 2 use the following alternative strategy: Choose approximately 6 students (if you are in a bilingual class choose 3 who have English as their native language and 3 with Spanish or whatever other language is spoken in the class). Interview each student using the survey questions. Record the answers, if possible, and transcribe the taped interviews. Be flexible and adapt the survey to the level of the students.

Student Survey

Please answer the following questions.

Grade level: _____ Are you a Boy ρ Girl ρ ?

What language(s) do you speak? English ρ Spanish ρ Other ρ

1. What happens during science in your class? How does your teacher teach you science?
2. How often do you do hands-on science activities in class?
3. What sorts of science activities do you do in class?
4. Do you work in groups to do science activities? If so, what do you do in the groups? Does each person have a job to do?
5. Do you have science materials to use during science activities? What sorts of materials do you use?
6. What are some of the science topics you have studied this year in science class?
7. Do you like science time? What do you like best about it?
8. Are you a good student in science? What helps you learn best?

D. Examine the three sets of data (your observations, those of the teacher and students) for matches and mismatches. Create a grid to organize the data:

Comparison Chart

| | My Observations | Teacher Interview | Student Surveys |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| How is science taught/what happens during science time? | | | |
| How does the teacher teach science/what does the teacher do? | | | |
| Do the students participate in hands-on science activities? | | | |
| Adaptations and Accommodations | | | |

E. Using the data you have collected and the match/mismatch chart, type a 2-3 page CASE STUDY PAPER of the science instruction.

F. Turn in 2 copies of the following. Staple all together in the following order with the Case Study paper on top.

1. Your 2-3 page CASE STUDY PAPER.
2. Your own answers to questions (in A above) as you observed in the classroom
3. Teacher Interview questions (B above) and answers
4. Student Surveys (C above) with student answers
5. Comparison Chart (D above) of your observations, teacher interview answers and student survey answers.

PRIMARY TEACHING PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS

TPE 1A: Subject-Specific Pedagogical Skills for Multiple Subject Teaching Assignments
Teaching Science in a Multiple Subject Assignment
TPE 2: Monitoring Student Learning During Instruction
TPE 6: Developmentally Appropriate Teaching Practices
TPE 6A: Developmentally Appropriate Practices in Grades K-3
TPE 6B: Developmentally Appropriate Practices in Grades 4-8
TPE 10: Instructional Time
TPE 11: Social Environment

SECONDARY TEACHING PERFORMANCE EXPECTATION

TPE 8: Learning about Students

7. SCIENCE EXPOSITION LESSON PLAN AND PRESENTATION WITH SCHOOL AGE CHILDREN – Critical Assessment Task (CATs)

Develop an inquiry activity to teach to elementary students. You may work in pairs on this assignment. You will prepare a hands-on science lesson and poster about a science concept. You will present the lesson at our Elementary School Science Exposition. Be sure you understand the concept(s) you are emphasizing, and that you can explain it. The activity should be developmentally appropriate, and should follow the NSTA Safety Guidelines. Prior to teaching the lesson, turn it in to your instructor for review. After teaching the lesson, turn in a copy of your Reflection. The lessons should include hands-on lessons, and should emphasize particular science concepts. The Exploration and Application phases of the Learning Cycle must require different hands-on science activities using manipulatives. Hands-on activities are NOT reading or completing worksheets (though they may require students to read something or complete lab observation sheets). You should take the activities “off of paper” and require students to use the science process skills with science manipulatives.)

Turn in your typed Lesson Plan with your names at the top and REFERENCES at the bottom.

1. Science Concept (and definition) you are teaching. Write it out in a complete sentence. Do not say “The students will ____.” (That is an objective, not a science concept.)
2. Essential Questions
3. 1-3 Behavioral Objectives
4. California Science Content Standards addressed
5. Exploration Activity
6. Concept Invention
7. Concept Application Activity
8. The Reflection (answer the following):
 - a. How did the children respond? (What did they say and do?)
 - b. How do the children’s actions and responses demonstrate their level of understanding.
 - c. How did you (or can you) improve upon your lesson to facilitate understanding?

PRIMARY TEACHING PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS

TPE 1A: Subject-Specific Pedagogical Skills for Multiple Subject Teaching Assignments
Teaching Science in a Multiple Subject Assignment
TPE 2: Monitoring Student Learning During Instruction
TPE 4: Making Content Accessible
TPE 5: Student Engagement
TPE 6: Developmentally Appropriate Teaching Practices
TPE 6A: Developmentally Appropriate Practices in Grades K-3
TPE 6B: Developmentally Appropriate Practices in Grades 4-8
TPE 13: Professional Growth

SECONDARY TEACHING PERFORMANCE EXPECTATION

TPE 8: Learning about Students
TPE 12: Professional, Legal, and Ethical Obligations

8. SCIENCE TEACHING UNIT AND PRESENTATION– Critical Assessment Task (CATs)

(may work in pairs)

You will create a typed unit on a specific science topic. You must bring a stamped, self-addressed manila envelope in order to receive a final grade. (You may work in pairs on this assignment.)

Unit Components:

1. Unit Plan (1 page; include title, grade level, goals for unit, Calif. Science Content Standards addressed, and one-two line descriptions of each learning cycle lesson)
2. Essential Questions
3. Authentic Assessment
4. Rubric for Assessment (see rubric.forteachers.org for assistance)

5. 3 Learning Cycle Lesson Plans

*Adapt from Commercial Lessons
in books and science curricula.*

Do not re-invent activities.

For each lesson, include the following:

- a. Topic
 - b. Science Concept you are teaching. Write out the science concept(s) (and definitions) you are teaching in a complete sentence. Do not say “The students will ____.” (That is an objective, not a science concept.)
 - c. California Science Content Standards addressed
 - d. Objectives (1-2) (use behavioral objectives with action verbs—i.e., The students will ____)
 - d. Exploration Activity- explain what students do and teacher does
 - e. Concept Introduction (also called Concept Invention)--explain what students do and teacher does
 - f. Concept Application Activity- explain what students do and teacher does
6. Science Content Background for the teacher (2-3 PAGES—typed)
 7. List and short descriptions of 5 Web Sites (with short descriptions) that address the science topic and concepts through simulations, graphics and movies.
 8. SDAIE Strategies and explanation of how used
 9. Adaptations for Students With Disabilities and explanation of how used
 10. 3 Ways to Integrate Technology and Explanation of how used
 11. Description of an arts component to integrate. (Select one of the arts disciplines and elaborate.)
 12. References

The lessons should include hands-on lessons, and should emphasize particular science concepts. The Exploration and Application phases of the Learning Cycle must require different hands-on science activities using manipulatives. Hands-on activities are NOT reading or completing worksheets (though they may require students to read something or complete lab observation sheets). You should take the activities “off of paper” and require students to use the science process skills with science manipulatives.

You will present your unit during a Powerpoint Presentation during Finals class time.

PRIMARY TEACHING PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS

TPE 1A: Subject-Specific Pedagogical Skills for Multiple Subject Teaching Assignments

Teaching Reading-Language Arts in a Multiple Subject Assignment

Teaching Science in a Multiple Subject Assignment

TPE 4: Making Content Accessible

TPE 5: Student Engagement

TPE 6: Developmentally Appropriate Teaching Practices

TPE 6A: Developmentally Appropriate Practices in Grades K-3

TPE 6B: Developmentally Appropriate Practices in Grades 4-8

TPE 9: Instructional Planning

TPE 10: Instructional Time

TPE 13: Professional Growth

SECONDARY TEACHING PERFORMANCE EXPECTATION

TPE 3: Interpretation and Use of Assessments

TPE 7: Teaching English Learners

9. FINAL ASSIGNMENT (individual)

This reflections assignment of 3 questions will be given in class.

10. SCIENCE TEACHING NOTEBOOK (individual)

You will keep a class notebook, and will meet with the instructor during the last class period to review contents. Please use section dividers and labels for sections. For some assignments, you may need to make copies in order to include everything in your notebook.

- I. California Science Content Standards for grades K-8 (download from <http://www.cde.ca.gov/board/pdf/science.pdf> and print)
- II. Reading Responses
- III. Daily Quizzes
- IV. Exam over Learning Cycle Lessons
- V. Learning Cycle Lessons presented in class
 - a. Lesson Plan Handout
 - b. Learning Log for each lesson
- VI. Science Instruction Case Study
 - a. Case Study Paper
 - b. Your Observations
 - c. Teacher Interview
 - d. Student Surveys
- VII. Science Exposition Lesson Plan
- VIII. Draft of Unit (unit due last class)
- IX. Other Class Handouts

RESOURCES

JOURNALS

| | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Science | Science Scope | Physics Teacher |
| Science and Children | The Science Teacher | Journal of Chemical Education |
| Science Education | School Science and Math | Innovations in Science & Technology Education |
| Science News | American Biology Teacher | Journal of Research in Science Teaching |

EISENHOWER NATIONAL CLEARINGHOUSE <http://enc.org>

The Eisenhower National Clearinghouse (ENC) has recently launched an all-new web site, ENC Online, at <http://enc.org>. ENC, which was established by the U.S. Department of Education, provides K-12 math and science educators with information about teaching materials, innovative ideas, and professional development.

The content on ENC Online has been organized into four major categories. They are Curriculum Resources, Web Links, Professional Resources, and Topics. Through Curriculum Resources, teachers can locate teaching or professional development materials using subject words, grade level, cost, and type of material to meet their specific needs.

Teachers have said that the Digital Dozen, a monthly selection of exemplary math and science web sites, is one of their favorite features on the site. It is now found in the Web Links area. (Teacher can now also choose to have Digital Dozen delivered to their email boxes when registering with ENC.) Web Links also includes links to sites offering lesson plans, arranged by math or science topics.

The Professional Resources area is intended to become a part of a teacher's professional support system. A Timesavers section found within the Professional Resources area offers a collection of the most popular professional resources in one place for quick linking and use. Standards and state frameworks are also found under Professional Resources, as are federally funded resources, professional development strategies, and research articles.

ENC has always created projects and publications on relevant topics for teachers. The Topics area arranges hundreds of articles, teacher interviews, and selected curriculum resources and web sites thematically. Key education issues addressed in the Topics area include inquiry and problem solving, integrating educational technology, equity, and assessment. These areas include the materials developed for ENC Focus, our quarterly magazine for math and science educators.

COURSE GRADES

An “A” student is one who:

- completes all assignments on time and demonstrates the ability to summarize, analyze, and/or reflect at high levels.
- varies sources of information for assignments, demonstrating high degree of effort in pursuing varied perspectives around important educational issues.
- completes all the reading assignments and develops thoughtful and thorough responses.
- produces work that reveals a strong commitment to self-discovery and learning.
- produces work at a high professional level in terms of both writing and content.
- develops a high quality presentation, demonstrating significant learning around a contemporary issue.
- presents confidently and intelligently, demonstrating effective teaching skills.
- completes assignments in/out of class with a focus on learning and exploration, pushing him/herself to better understand the profession through quality work.
- attends almost every class meeting and is fully engaged during class.
- pushes him/herself to new understandings by participating in discussions, sharing his/her opinions, and valuing others' perspectives.
- contributes to the positive environment of the class by respecting all members.

A “B” student is one who:

- completes all or almost all assignments, all or most on time, and demonstrates the ability to summarize, analyze, and/or reflect at fairly high levels, showing consistent improvement over time.
- varies sources of information for assignments, demonstrating high degree of effort in pursuing varied perspectives around important educational issues.
- completes all or most of the reading assignments and develops thoughtful and fairly thorough responses.
- produces work that reveals a commitment to self-discovery and learning.
- produces work that is close to professional level in terms of both content and writing, working to develop a strong command of writing, speaking, planning and presenting.
- develops presentations, demonstrating significant learning
- presents confidently and intelligently, demonstrating effective teaching skills.
- completes assignments in/out of class with a focus on learning and exploration, pushing him/herself to better understand the profession through quality work.
- attends almost every class meeting and is regularly engaged during class.
- pushes him/herself to new understandings by participating in discussions, sharing his/her opinions, and valuing others' perspectives.
- contributes to the positive environment of the class by respecting all members.

A “C” student is one who:

- completes or attempts most of the assignments, mostly on time, and demonstrates the ability to do some quality summarizing, analysis, and reflection, showing improvement over time.
- varies sources of information for assignments, demonstrating effort in pursuing varied perspectives around important educational issues.
- completes most of the reading assignments and develops thoughtful and sometimes thorough responses.
- produces work that reveals a commitment to some self-discovery and learning.
- produces work that is not yet at a professional level in terms of both writing and content.
- develops a quality presentation, demonstrating learning around a contemporary issue.
- presents confidently and intelligently, demonstrating some effective teaching skills.
- completes assignments in/out of class with a focus on learning and exploration, pushing him/herself a little to better understand the profession.
- attends most class meetings and is often engaged during class.
- pushes him/herself to some new understandings by participating to a moderate degree in discussions, sharing his/her opinions, and valuing others' perspectives.
- contributes to the positive environment of the class by respecting all members.

A “D” student is one who doesn’t meet all of the minimal standards of a “C” student; “F” is earned by someone who hasn’t completed significant portions of the required work and fails to meet the “C” student standards.

**Teaching Performance Expectations
Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Professional Teacher Preparation Programs
California Commission on Teacher Credentialing September 6, 2001**

A. MAKING SUBJECT MATTER COMPREHENSIBLE TO STUDENTS

TPE 1A: Subject-Specific Pedagogical Skills for Multiple Subject Teaching Assignments - Teaching Science in a Multiple Subject Assignment

Candidates for a Multiple Subject Teaching Credential demonstrate the ability to teach the state-adopted academic content standards for students in science (K-8). They balance the focus of instruction between science information, concepts, and investigations. Their explanations, demonstrations, and class activities serve to illustrate science concepts and principles, scientific investigation, and experimentation. Candidates emphasize the importance of accuracy, precision,

B. ASSESSING STUDENT LEARNING

TPE 2: Monitoring Student Learning During Instruction - Candidates for a Teaching Credential use progress monitoring at key points during instruction to determine whether students are progressing adequately toward achieving the state-adopted academic content standards for students. They pace instruction and re-teach content based on evidence gathered using assessment strategies such as questioning students and examining student work and products. Candidates anticipate, check for, and address common student misconceptions and misunderstandings.

TPE 3: Interpretation and Use of Assessments

Candidates for a Teaching Credential understand and use a variety of informal and formal, as well as formative and summative assessments, to determine students' progress and plan instruction. They know about and can appropriately implement the state-adopted student assessment program. Candidates understand the purposes and uses of different types of diagnostic instruments, including entry level, progress-monitoring and summative assessments. They use multiple measures, including information from families, to assess student knowledge, skills, and behaviors. They know when and how to use specialized assessments based on students' needs. Candidates know about and can appropriately use informal classroom assessments and analyze student work. They teach students how to use self-assessment strategies. Candidates provide guidance and time for students to practice these strategies.

Candidates understand how to familiarize students with the format of standardized tests. They know how to appropriately administer standardized tests, including when to make accommodations for students with special needs. They know how to accurately interpret assessment results of individuals and groups in order to develop and modify instruction. Candidates interpret assessment data to identify the level of proficiency of English language learners in English as well as in the students' primary language. They give students specific, timely feedback on their learning, and maintain accurate records summarizing student achievement. They are able to explain, to students and to their families, student academic and behavioral strengths, areas for academic growth, promotion and retention policies, and how a grade or progress report is derived. Candidates can clearly explain to families how to help students achieve the curriculum Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Professional Teacher Preparation Programs

C. ENGAGING AND SUPPORTING STUDENTS IN LEARNING

TPE 4: Making Content Accessible

Candidates for Teaching Credentials incorporate specific strategies, teaching/instructional activities, procedures and experiences that address state-adopted academic content standards for students in order to provide a balanced and comprehensive curriculum. They use instructional materials to reinforce state-adopted academic content standards for students and they prioritize and sequence essential skills and strategies in a logical, coherent manner relative to students' current level of achievement. They vary instructional strategies according to purpose and lesson content. To meet student academic learning needs, candidates explain content clearly and reinforce content in multiple ways, such as the use of written and oral presentation, manipulatives, physical models, visual and performing arts, diagrams, non-verbal communication, and computer technology. They provide opportunities and adequate time for students to practice and apply what they have learned. They distinguish between conversational and academic language, and develop student skills in using and understanding academic language. They teach students strategies to read and comprehend a variety of texts and a variety of information sources, in the subject(s) taught. They model active listening in the classroom. Candidates encourage student creativity and imagination. They motivate students and encourage student effort. When students do not understand content, they take additional steps to foster access and comprehension for all learners. Candidates balance instruction by adjusting lesson designs relative to students' current level of achievement.

TPE 5: Student Engagement

Candidates for Teaching Credentials clearly communicate instructional objectives to students. They ensure the active and equitable participation of all students. They ensure that students understand what they are to do during instruction and monitor student progress toward academic goals. If students are struggling and off-task, candidates examine why and use strategies to re-engage them. Candidates encourage students to share and examine points of view during lessons. They use community resources, student experiences, and applied learning activities to make instruction relevant. They extend the intellectual quality of student thinking by

asking stimulating questions and challenging student ideas. Candidates teach students to respond to and frame meaningful questions.

TPE 6: Developmentally Appropriate Teaching Practices

Background information for TPE 6: TPEs describe knowledge, skills, and abilities for all credential candidates, and they underscore the importance of generically-effective strategies for teaching a broad range of students. The purpose of TPE 6 is to establish additional expectations that are of greatest importance in teaching students at distinct stages of child and adolescent development. It is not the intent of TPE 6 to describe practices that are appropriate or effective only at one developmental level. •Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Professional Teacher Preparation Programs. This TPE describes professional practices that are most commonly used and needed for students in each major phase of schooling, grades K-3, 4-8, and 9-12. 2

TPE 6A: Developmentally Appropriate Practices in Grades K-3

During teaching assignments in Grades K-3, candidates for a Multiple Subject Teaching Credential understand how to create a structured day with opportunities for movement. They design academic activities that suit the attention span of young learners. Their instructional activities connect with the children's immediate world; draw on key content from more than one subject area; and include hands-on experiences and manipulatives that help students learn. Candidates teach and model norms of social interactions (e.g., consideration, cooperation, responsibility, empathy). They understand that some children hold naïve understandings of the world around them. Candidates provide educational experiences that help students develop more realistic expectations and understandings of their environment. They know how to make special plans for students who require extra help in exercising self-control among their peers or who have exceptional needs or abilities.

TPE 6B: Developmentally Appropriate Practices in Grades 4-8

During teaching assignments in Grades 4-8, candidates for a teaching credential build on students' command of basic skills and understandings while providing intensive support for students who lack basic skills as defined in state-adopted academic content standards for students. They teach from grade-level texts. Candidates design learning activities to extend students' concrete thinking and foster abstract reasoning and problem-solving skills. They help students develop learning strategies to cope with increasingly challenging academic curriculum. They assist students, as needed, in developing and practicing strategies for managing time and completing assignments. Candidates develop students' skills for working in groups to maximize learning. They build on peer relationships and support students in trying new roles and responsibilities in the classroom. They support students' taking of intellectual risks such as sharing ideas that may include errors. Candidates distinguish between misbehavior and over-enthusiasm, and they respond appropriately to students who are testing limits and students who alternatively assume and reject responsibility.

TPE 7: Teaching English Learners

Candidates for a Teaching Credential know and can apply pedagogical theories, principles, and instructional practices for comprehensive instruction of English learners. They know and can apply theories, principles, and instructional practices for English Language Development leading to comprehensive literacy in English. They are familiar with the philosophy, design, goals, and characteristics of programs for English language development, including structured English immersion. They implement an instructional program that facilitates English language development, including reading, writing, listening and speaking skills, that logically progresses to the grade level reading/language arts program for English speakers. They draw upon information about students' backgrounds and prior learning, including students' assessed levels of literacy in English and their first languages, as well as their proficiency in English, to provide instruction differentiated to students' language abilities. They understand how and when to collaborate with specialists and para-educators to support English language development. Based on appropriate assessment information, candidates select instructional materials and strategies, including activities in the area of visual and performing arts, to develop students' abilities to comprehend and produce English. They use English that extends students' current level of development yet is still comprehensible. They know how to analyze student errors in oral and written language in order to understand how to plan differentiated instruction. Candidates for a Teaching Credential know and apply pedagogical theories, principles and practices for the development of academic language, comprehension, and knowledge in the subjects of the core curriculum. They use systematic instructional strategies, including contextualizing key concepts, to make grade-appropriate or advanced curriculum content comprehensible to English learners. They allow students to express meaning in a variety of ways, including in their first language, and, if available, manage first language support such as para-educators, peers, and books.³ They use questioning strategies that model or represent familiar English grammatical constructions. They make learning strategies explicit.

Candidates understand how cognitive, pedagogical, and individual factors affect students' language acquisition. They take these factors into account in planning lessons for English language development and for academic content.

Teachers are not expected to speak the students' primary language, unless they hold an appropriate credential and teach in a bilingual classroom. The expectation is that they understand how to use available resources in the primary language, including students' primary language skills, to support their learning of English and curriculum content. •Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Professional Teacher Preparation Programs

D. PLANNING INSTRUCTION AND DESIGNING LEARNING EXPERIENCES FOR STUDENTS

TPE 8: Learning about Students

Candidates for a Teaching Credential draw upon an understanding of patterns of child and adolescent development to understand their students. Using formal and informal methods, they assess students' prior mastery of academic language abilities, content knowledge, and skills, and maximize learning opportunities for all students. Through interpersonal interactions, they learn about students' abilities, ideas, interests and aspirations. They encourage parents to become involved and support their efforts to improve student learning. They understand how multiple factors, including gender and health, can influence students' behavior, and understand the connections between students' health and their ability to learn. Based on assessment data, classroom observation, reflection and consultation, they identify students needing specialized instruction, including students whose physical disabilities, learning disabilities, or health status require instructional adaptations, and students who are gifted.

TPE 9: Instructional Planning

Candidates for a Teaching Credential plan instruction that is comprehensive in relation to the subject matter to be taught and in accordance with state-adopted academic content standards for students. They establish clear long-term and short-term goals for student learning, based on state and local standards for student achievement as well as on students' current levels of achievement. They use explicit teaching methods such as direct instruction and inquiry to help students meet or exceed grade level expectations. They plan how to explain content clearly and make abstract concepts concrete and meaningful. They understand the purposes, strengths and limitations of a variety of instructional strategies, including examining student work, and they improve their successive uses of the strategies based on experience and reflection. They sequence instruction so the content to be taught connects to preceding and subsequent content. In planning lessons, they select or adapt instructional strategies, grouping strategies, and instructional material to meet student learning goals and needs. Candidates connect the content to be learned with students' linguistic and cultural backgrounds, experiences, interests, and developmental learning needs to ensure that instruction is comprehensible and meaningful. To accommodate varied student needs, they plan differentiated instruction. When support personnel, such as aides and volunteers are available, they plan how to use them to help students reach instructional goals. •Standards of Quality and Effectiveness for Professional Teacher Preparation Programs.

E. CREATING AND MAINTAINING EFFECTIVE ENVIRONMENTS FOR STUDENT LEARNING

TPE 10: Instructional Time

Candidates for a Teaching Credential allocate instructional time to maximize student achievement in relation to state-adopted academic content standards for students, instructional goals and scheduled academic tasks. They establish procedures for routine tasks and manage transitions to maximize instructional time. Based on reflection and consultation, they adjust the use of instructional time to optimize the learning opportunities and outcomes for all students.

TPE 11: Social Environment

Candidates for a Teaching Credential develop and maintain clear expectations for academic and social behavior. The candidates promote student effort and engagement and create a positive climate for learning. They know how to write and implement a student discipline plan. They know how to establish rapport with all students and their families for supporting academic and personal success through caring, respect, and fairness. Candidates respond appropriately to sensitive issues and classroom discussions. They help students learn to work responsibly with others and independently. Based on observations of students and consultation with other teachers, the candidate recognizes how well the social environment maximizes academic achievement for all students and makes necessary changes. •

F. DEVELOPING AS A PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR

TPE 12: Professional, Legal, and Ethical Obligations

Candidates for a Teaching Credential take responsibility for student academic learning outcomes. They are aware of their own personal values and biases and recognize ways in which these values and biases affect the teaching and learning of students. They resist racism and acts of intolerance. Candidates appropriately manage their professional time spent in teaching responsibilities to ensure that academic goals are met.

Candidates for a Teaching Credential understand and honor legal and professional obligations to protect the privacy, health, and safety of students, families, and other school professionals. They are aware of and act in accordance with ethical considerations and they model ethical behaviors for students. Candidates understand and honor all laws relating to professional misconduct and moral fitness.

TPE 13: Professional Growth

Candidates for a Teaching Credential evaluate their own teaching practices and subject matter knowledge in light of information about the state-adopted academic content standards for students and student learning. They improve their teaching practices by soliciting feedback and engaging in cycles of planning, teaching, reflecting, discerning problems, and applying new strategies. Candidates use reflection and feedback to formulate and prioritize goals for increasing their subject matter knowledge and teaching effectiveness.

RUBRIC FOR LEADERSHIP OF HANDS-ON SCIENCE LESSONS

| Score | Criteria | Quality of Work | | | |
|-------|--|--|---|--|--|
| _____ | <u>Materials</u> | Materials were provided so that all students could easily participate. 9 pts. | Materials were provided so that some students could easily participate. 6 pts. | Materials were provided so that a few students could easily participate. 3 pts. | Materials were not provided so that students could easily participate. 0 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Concept Exploration</u> | All students participated in a developmentally appropriate hands-on science activity, made observations, and collected data. Predictions were made at beginning. 9 pts. | Some students participated in a developmentally appropriate hands-on science activity, made observations, and collected data. 6 pts. | A minimal number of students participated in a hands-on science activity, made observations, and collected data. 3 pts. | None of the students participated in a hands-on science activity, made observations, and collected data. 0 pts. |
| _____ | <u>Concept Invention</u> | Students shared their observations, data and explanations. Teacher provided further explanations and terminology, and tied it all together. 9 pts. | A minimum of student sharing and explaining occurred. Teacher provided some explanation. 6 pts. | No student sharing occurred. Teacher provided all explanations. 3 pts. | No student sharing occurred. Little teacher sharing occurred. 0 pts. |
| _____ | <u>Science Content Background</u> during Concept Invention | Your team provided a thorough explanation of the science content background in the PP presentation. 9 pts. | Your team provided a short explanation of the science content background. 6 pts. | Your team provided an incomplete explanation of the science content background. 3 pts. | Your team provided a poor explanation of the science content background. 0 pts. |
| _____ | <u>Relevant Web Sites</u> during Concept Invention | Your PP presentation included 5 web sites with descriptions and links to the sites. 9 pts. | Your PP presentation included 4 web sites with descriptions and links to the sites. 6 pts. | Your PP presentation included 2 web sites with descriptions & links 3 pts. | Your PP presentation included no web sites with descriptions & links. 0 pts. |
| _____ | <u>Concept Application</u> | All students participated in a developmentally appropriate hands-on science activity, made observations, and collected data. 9 pts. | Some students participated in a developmentally appropriate hands-on science activity, made observations, and collected data. 6 pts. | A minimal number of students participated in a hands-on science activity, made observations, and collected data. 3 pts. | None of the students participated in a hands-on science activity, made observations, and collected data. 0 pts. |

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|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| | <u>SDAIE Strategies</u> | Numerous (5-6) SDAIE strategies are explained. 9 pts. | 3-4 SDAIE strategies are explained. 6 pts. | 1-2 SDAIE strategies are explained. 3 pts. | No SDAIE strategies are explained. 0 pts. |
| | <u>Applications to real life</u> | 5-6 applications to everyday life are described. 9 pts. | 3-4 applications to everyday life are described. 6 pts. | 1-2 applications to everyday life are described. 3 pts. | No applications to everyday life are described. 0 pts. |
| | <u>Adaptations for Students with Disabilities</u> | 5-6 adaptations to meet the needs of students with disabilities are included. 9 pts. | 3-4 adaptations to meet the needs of students with disabilities are included. 6 pts. | 1-2 adaptations to meet the needs of students with disabilities are included. 3 pts. | No adaptations to meet the needs of students with disabilities are included. 0 pts. |
| | <u>Handout</u> | Handout included objective(s), science concept definition, CA Science Content Standards(s), 3 stages of Learning Cycle, SDAIE strategies, adaptations for students with disabilities, science content background, relevant web sites, applications to real life, 2 questions and references. 9 pts. | Handout included 7-8 of the 11 components. 6 pts. | Handout included 3-4 of the 11 components. 3 pts. | Handout included 0 of the 11 components. 0 pts. |
| | <u>Timing</u> | Your team was ready to present at the beginning of class, had all materials ready and all handouts copied, and stayed within the 45-55 minutes allocated. You kept students on-task and did not waste time. 9 pts. | Your team accomplished some of the items listed. 6 pts. | Your team accomplished few of the items listed. 3 pts. | Your team did not accomplish any of the items listed. 0 pts. |

RUBRIC FOR ACTIVITY, POSTER AND PRESENTATION-Science Exposition

| Score | Criteria | Quality of Work | | | |
|-------|---|--|---|--|---|
| _____ | <u>Visual Display</u> | 3 sided visual display shows great creativity and is thought-provoking. Graphically demonstrates concept. 10 pts. | 3 sided visual display shows creativity and thoughtfulness; has graphics or pictures. 7 pts. | 3 sided visual display shows some thoughtfulness and creativity; does not cause one to take a 2 nd look. 4 pts. | Visual display is present, but required little imagination or creativity. 1 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Science Concept</u> | It was obvious that you had a complete and thorough understanding of the science content. 10 pts. | You had somewhat of an understanding of the science content. 7 pts. | You had a little understanding of the science content. 4 pts. | You had misconceptions about the science content. 1 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Materials</u> | You have necessary materials for all students to participate in hands-on lesson. 10 pts. | You have necessary materials for some students to participate in hands-on lesson. 7pts. | You have a few of the necessary materials for a few students to participate. 4 pts. | You have materials for a demonstration only. 1 pt.. |
| _____ | <u>Exploration Science Activity</u> | Activity is (a)hands-on, (b)develop-mentally appropriate, & (c)feasible for all students.10 pts. | Two of the 3 characteristics are present. 7 pts. | One of the characteristics is present. 4 pts. | Teacher does a hands-on activity for students. 1 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Concept Invention</u> | Students shared observations, data and explanations. Teacher provided further explanations and terminology, and tied it all together. 10 pts. | A minimum of student sharing and explaining occurred. Teacher provided some explanation 7 pts | No student sharing occurred. Teacher provided all explanations. 4 pts. | Little student sharing occurred. A little teacher sharing occurred. 1 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Concept Application Science Activity</u> | Activity is (a)hands-on, (b)developmentally appropriate, (c)feasible for all students.10 pts. | Two of the 3 characteristics are present. 7 pts. | One of the characteristics is present. 4 pts. | Teacher does a hands-on activity for students. 1 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Timing</u> | You easily adjusted your teaching to the time allocated. You showed creativity and flexibility. 10 pts. | You adjusted somewhat to the time allotted . You showed some creativity and flexibility. 7 pts. | You did not easily your teaching to the time allocated. You showed little creativity and/or flexibility. 4 pts. | You finished way ahead of time, or needed much more time. 1 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Student Data Sheet</u> | You had copies of a data sheet for all students. 10 pts. | You had data sheets, but not for all students. 7 pts. | You required students to answer one question. 4 pts. | You had a few students keep data. 1 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Lesson Description</u> | Lesson plan includes (a)science concept, (b)objectives, (c)CA content standards, (d) materials, (e)procedures for LC, (f)science content & (g)references.10 pts. | 5 of the 7components are present. 7 pts. | 3 of the 7 components are present. 4 pts. | One of the components is present. 1 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Reflection</u> | You wrote a complete reflection about how children demonstrated understanding, and how you could or did improve. 10 pts. | You wrote some about how children responded, showed understanding, & how you could or did improve. 7 pts. | You wrote little about how children responded, showed understanding, & how you could or did improve. 4 pts. | You only wrote a few lines. 1 pt. |

SCIENCE TEACHING UNIT RUBRIC

Topic _____

To receive a grade, turn in a stamped, self-addressed manila envelope with unit.

Score Criteria Quality of Work

| | | | | | |
|-------|---|---|---|--|--|
| _____ | <u>Unit Plan</u> | Unit plan was included, with title, grade level, goals, standards, lesson descriptions. 6 pts. | Unit plan included some, but not all, of the components. 4 pts. | Unit plan was very brief and did not include all components. 2 pts. | No unit plan was included. 0 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Science Concept</u> | Science concept(s) is/are correctly defined in complete sentence(s). 6 pts. | Science concept is/are poorly defined, or correctly defined but not in complete sentence(s). 4 pts. | Science concept(s) is/are poorly defined in incomplete sentence(s). 2 pts. | Science concept(s) is/are not defined. 0 pt. |
| _____ | <u>CA Science Content Standard(s)</u> | Science Standard(s) is/are included and completely stated. 6 pts. | Science Standard(s) briefly stated. 4 pts. | Science Standard is alluded to, but not stated. 2 pts. | No Science Standards are included. 0 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Objectives</u> | Behavior objectives with action verbs are written in complete sentences. 6 pts. | Behavioral objectives are poorly written. 4 pts. | Objectives are not behavioral objectives. 2 pts. | Objectives are absent. 0 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Exploration</u> | All students participate in developmentally appropriate hands-on science activities, make observations, and collect data in all lessons. 6 pts. | Some students participate in developmentally appropriate hands-on science activities, make observations, and collect data in all lessons. 4 pts. | A few students participate in hands-on science activities, make observations, and collect data in 2 lessons. 2 pts. | No students participate in hands-on science activities, make observations, and collect data in lessons. 0 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Concept Invention</u> | Students share their observations, data and explanations. Teacher provides further explanations and terminology, and ties it all together 6 pts. | A minimum of student sharing and explaining occurs. Teacher provides some explanation. 4 pts. | No student sharing occurs. Teacher provides all explanations. 2 pts. | No student sharing occurs. Little teacher sharing occurs. 0 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Concept Application</u> | All students participate in developmentally appropriate hands-on science activities, make observations, and collect data in all lessons. 6 pts. | Some students participate in developmentally appropriate hands-on science activities, make observations, and collect data in all lessons. 4 pts. | Few students participate in hands-on science activities, make observations, and collect data in 2 lessons. 2 pts. | No students participate in hands-on science activities, make observations, and collect data in lessons. 0 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Alternative Assessments And Rubric</u> | You included alternative assessments, clear explanations of each, and rubrics. 6 pts. | You included a list of assessments and rubrics, but no explanation. 4 pts. | You included one assessment and one rubric. 2 pts. | You did not include alternative assessments or rubrics. 0 pt. |

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|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| | <u>SDAIE Strategies</u> | Numerous (5-6) SDAIE strategies are explained. 6 pts. | 3-4 SDAIE strategies are explained. 4 pts. | 1-2 SDAIE strategies are explained. 2 pts. | 1 SDAIE strategy is listed. 0 pt. |
| | <u>Adaptations for Students with Disabilities</u> | Numerous (5-6) adaptations for working with students who have disabilities are explained. 6 pts. | 3-4 adaptations for working with students who have disabilities are explained. 4 pts. | 3-4 adaptations for working with students who have disabilities are explained. 4 pts. | No adaptations for working with students who have disabilities are explained. 4 pts. |
| | <u>Ways to Integrate Technology</u> | You included 3 ways to integrate technology into the unit, with explanations. 6 pts. | You included some information on how to integrate technology into the unit. 4 pts. | You included a list of ways to integrate technology into the unit but no explanations. 2 pts. | You included no ways to integrate technology into the unit. 0 pt. |
| | <u>Science Content Background</u> | A thorough explanation of the science content background was included. 6 pts. | Some science background was included. 4 pts. | A very brief explanation of the science content background was included. 2 pts. | No explanation of the science content background was included. 0 pt. |
| | <u>Web Sites</u> | Your PP presentation included 5 web sites with descriptions and links to the sites. 6 pts. | Your PP presentation included 4 web sites with descriptions and links. 4 pts. | Your PP presentation included 2 web sites, but not descriptions or links. 2 pts. | Your PP presentation included 0 web sites with descriptions and links to the sites. 0 pt. |
| | <u>References</u> | Your unit includes complete references. 6 pts. | Your unit includes a list of references, not complete info. 4 pts. | Only reference titles are included. 2 pts. | References are not included. 1 pt. |
| | <u>Presentation</u> | Your presentation was outstanding, creative, interesting. Your explanations showed evidence of a thorough understanding of the topic and teaching applications. 16 pts. | Your presentation followed the guidelines, and showed that you had an understanding of most aspects of the topic and teaching applications. 11 pts. | You followed a few of the guidelines for presentations. There was some evidence of planning and practice You had a limited understanding of the topic. 5pts. | You did no do a presentation. 0 pts. |

RUBRIC FOR SCIENCE INSTRUCTION CASE STUDY

Score Criteria Quality of Work

| | | | | | |
|-------|---|--|---|--|---|
| _____ | <u>Classroom Observations</u> | All questions are followed by <u>specific observations</u> . Two or more observations are made and referred to for each question. 15 pts. | All questions are followed by very brief answers. Two or more observations are made and referred to for each question, but they are vague. 10 pts. | All questions are followed by answers. One observation is made and referred to. Observations are not very specific. 5 pts. | Few questions are followed by answers. Observations are not very specific. 0 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Student Surveys</u> | Six student responses follow each question. 15 pts. | Student responses don't follow questions. 10 pts. | Less than six surveys are included. 5 pts. | No student surveys are included. 0 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Teacher Interview</u> | Interviewed teacher in person. All questions are followed by the specific and detailed teacher responses. 15 pts. | Interviewed teacher in person. Some teacher responses are detailed and specific. 10 pts. | Not clear if the teacher was interviewed. Some questions are followed by the teacher's responses. 5 pts. | Teacher does not seem to have been interviewed. Missing teacher responses. 0 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Comparison Chart</u> | Organized data on a grid depicting answers to all grid questions from your observations, teacher interview and student surveys. 15 pts. | Organized data on a grid, but data is incomplete. Not all grid questions were addressed. 10 pts. | A grid was used, but has little information and does not show the results of the observations, interview, and surveys. 5 pts. | Did not use a grid to organize data from your observations, teacher interview and student surveys. 0 pt. |
| _____ | <u>Analysis of Information in the form of a Paper</u> | Analysis of information includes detailed descriptions of matches & mismatches of data. Included recommendation. 2-3 pages. 40 pts. | Brief analysis of information; brief description of matches and mismatches of data. Brief recommendations 1-2 pages. 25 pts. | Incomplete analysis and descriptions of matches and mismatches of data. Minimal recommendations. 10 pts. | Did not analyze information from the 3 sources. Did not include recommendations. 0 pt. |

3. What did the instructors do to facilitate learning for you?

4. What did you have difficulty with?

Notes:

SCIENCE METHODS GRADESHEET

Attendance (mark present, late or absent)

| | | |
|------|------|-----------|
| 1/21 | 2/6 | 2/25 |
| 1/23 | 2/11 | 2/27 |
| 1/28 | 1/13 | 3/4 SUAVE |
| 1/30 | 2/18 | 3/6 |
| 2/4 | 2/20 | 3/11 |
| | | 3/13 |

Reading Responses (max 5 points each: complete-5 pts., not complete-2, none-0)

| | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| Ch. 1 _____ points | Ch. 11 _____ points |
| Ch. 2 _____ points | Ch. 12 _____ points |
| Ch. 3 _____ points | Ch. 13 _____ points |
| Ch. 4 _____ points | Ch. 14 _____ points |
| Ch. 5 _____ points | Ch. 15 _____ points |
| Ch. 6 _____ points | Ch. 16 _____ points |
| Ch. 7 _____ points | Ch. 17 _____ points |
| Ch. 8 _____ points | Ch. 18 _____ points |
| Ch. 9 _____ points | Ch. 19 _____ points |
| Ch. 10 _____ points | Ch. 20 _____ points |

Daily Quiz Grades (max 10 points each/ count your best 10)

| | |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| Quiz 1 _____ points | Quiz 7 _____ points |
| Quiz 2 _____ points | Quiz 8 _____ points |
| Quiz 3 _____ points | Quiz 9 _____ points |
| Quiz 4 _____ points | Quiz 10 _____ points |
| Quiz 5 _____ points | Quiz 11 _____ points |
| Quiz 6 _____ points | Quiz 12 _____ points |

Hands-on Science Lessons

Lesson 1 _____ points

| <u>Assignments</u> | <u>Percent of Grade</u> | <u>Your Grade</u> | <u>Points for Final Grade</u> |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Participation, Collaboration, Professionalism | 15% | _____ | x 0.15 = _____ |
| 2. Reading Responses | 15% | _____ | x 0.15 = _____ |
| 3. Daily Quizzes | 10% | _____ | x 0.10 = _____ |
| 4. Exam over Learning Cycle Science Lessons | 10% | _____ | x 0.10 = _____ |
| 5. Science Instruction Case Study | 10% | _____ | x 0.10 = _____ |
| 6. Leadership of Hands-on Science Lessons | 10% | _____ | x 0.10 = _____ |
| 7. Science Exposition Lesson Plan and Presentation | 10% | _____ | x 0.10 = _____ |
| 8. Science Teaching Unit and Presentation | 10% | _____ | x 0.10 = _____ |
| 9. Final Assignment | 5% | _____ | x 0.05 = _____ |
| 10. Science Teaching Notebook | 5% | _____ | x 0.05 = _____ |
| | | | FINAL GRADE = _____ |